...bria : Freeman
...Published Weekly at
...burg, CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.,
...JAMES C. HASSON,

... - - - 1,200
...irculation.

...Subscription Rates
... $1.50
... within 6 months. 1.75
... within 6 months. 2.00
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VOLUME XXIX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1895. NUMBER 35.

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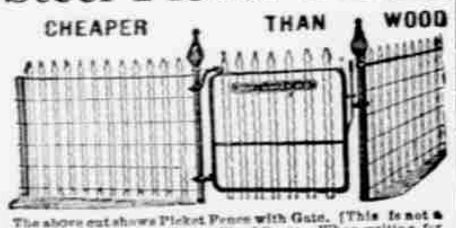
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UNCLE SAM'S INDIANS.

An Official Estimate of Their Cost to the Government.

A Difficult and Intricate Problem That Has Never Been Attempted Before—Warfare with the Redmen.

In the complete Indian census report, just published, an interesting attempt is made for the first time to cast up in figures an aggregate of the government expenditures on account of the red men residing within our borders since the union was established in 1789. The result of this remarkable attempt indicates in the statistics presented that the gigantic sum of one billion one hundred and five million odd dollars ($1,105,219,327) was spent by the government up to the year 1890, either upon the Indian directly, or indirectly because of Indians. Counting in, however, the civil and military expenses for Indians since then, together with incidental expenses not recognized in the official figures given, it is safe to say that up to June 30, 1895, a further sum of $114,780,628 may be added to the foregoing figures, making a grand aggregate of $1,250,000,000 chargeable to Indians to date.

The problem, says the Washington Star, is such a difficult and intricate one that it has never been attempted before. The prime factors entering into the problem are: (1) The expenses of the wars waged between the federal government and the Indian tribes since the date mentioned and the maintenance of our standing army in the vicinity of the reservations; (2) the claims of the states for indemnity for expenses incurred in repelling Indian invasions; (3) the civil and educational expenses incurred on account of Indians, and (4) the cost of pensions to the survivors or widows of soldiers serving in Indian wars.

Of course, a large amount of treasure was spent in wars with the American Indians prior to the establishment of the federal government in 1789. Indeed, ever since the white man appeared within the present territory of the United States there has been war almost continually, beginning on the Pacific side in 1539, and on the Atlantic side soon after the year 1600. Since the founding of our government the United States army, except when engaged in the wars with Great Britain and Mexico, and during the civil war, has been used almost exclusively in the Indian service, and has been stationed largely in the Indian country or along the frontier.

In their calculation the Indian census experts omit the army expenses incident to the wars with England and Mexico, and the civil war, with its sequel of reconstruction, and safely counts two-thirds of the total expenses of the army as chargeable directly or indirectly to the Indians. The total expenses of the army from 1789 to 1890 were found to be $4,725,521,495; but deducting $3,514,911,007 for the foreign wars and the civil war, the remainder is $1,210,610,489. Fully two-thirds of this sum, or $807,073,658, it is estimated, was expended for Indian wars and for army service against the Indians.

To this sum the census experts add the expenses of the Indian civil administration for the period between 1789 and 1890, amounting to $259,944,082, and $10,000,000 more to reimburse particular states for expenses incurred by them in Indian wars, and $28,201,632 more for pensions to survivors or widows of Indian wars, and then the total foots up to $1,105,219,372. Counting in, as suggested above, $144,780,628 for civil administration expenses and a proportionate share of the army expenses since 1890, the grand total becomes $1,250,000,000—a billion and a quarter of dollars.

The Indian wars under the government of the United States are stated to have numbered more than 40, and to have cost the lives of about 19,000 white men, women and children, including about 5,000 killed in individual encounters, of which history takes no note, and of 30,000 Indians, including 8,500 killed in personal encounters.

It has been the policy of the national government since the year 1828 to refund to the states and territories the moneys paid out by them in suppressing Indian hostilities. This liability is based on the fact that the federal government has treated the Indians either as nations or as wards of the nation, thus keeping them from control by the several states.

Speaking of the number of Indians now in the United States, as shown by the reports of special agents, and the number supposed to have lived in the past, the census editor says: "It is not probable that the present area of the United States since the white man came has contained at one time more than 500,000 Indians. High estimates were made in the early days, but the average even then was about 1,000,000. In 1890 we have 248,253 civilized and uncivilized Indians. Through almost four centuries warlike bands have resisted, and many of these Indians are still resisting progress. There are not 10 tribes out of any of the 200 or more now in the United States but that have been in revolt, and those existing as tribes are now remnants, with a few exceptions, too poor or too few to fight, or they consider it too dangerous."

CRICKET FIGHTING.

One of the Favorite Sports of Chinese Gamblers.

The Chinese are inveterate gamblers, and never lose an opportunity to bet, no matter how trivial the cause may be. One of their great institutions is cricket fighting, the crickets being caught, fed and trained carefully as a blooded horse.

There is a fixed diet for them, part of the food consisting of honey and boiled chestnuts. If they get sick they are fed with mosquitoes. Prior to fighting their weight is ascertained and duly recorded, there being a fixed regulation as to their size and weight.

On the door of the house in which the fight is to take place the record of each cricket is pasted up, and the owner of the winner gets ten per cent. of all the bets.

The cricket pit is a low tub placed on a table, and, after weighing, the combatants are put in it and tickled with straws until they rush at each other with loud chirrups and fight until one of them is killed.

HOMES OF RIVER PIRATES.

Caves in the Mountain Sides Are Watched with Awe by Longshoremen.

Along the west shore of the Hudson river, between West Point and Esopus, according to the New York World, there are several sidehill openings that are supposed to lead into big recesses not yet explored. Daring men have made the attempt to discover the interior, but have been frightened into a retreat by all sorts of imaginings.

At Marlborough, Highland and in the famous Storm King mountain, at Cornwall, these rocky openings are watched by longshoremen, who have reason to believe that valuable property is contained therein.

A Cornwall fisherman says he believes that one of these caves, near the foot of Storm King, is the rendezvous of a gang of New York thieves, who receive and dispose of their ill-gotten stock on a strict mercantile basis. He remembers that about the 1st of April he and his father saw a small boat, in which were four men, put ashore at this point. It was an inky black night, and it was not safe for small craft in the wind-tossed water of Cornwall bay.

The fisherman watched the landing and saw the company, who were distinguished by the lanterns they carried, work their way up the mountain side. About twenty minutes after the landing the lights were lost sight of at a point about one hundred feet from the water's edge.

The supposition is that these men entered one of those mercantile caves to make ready for the year's business. No one has ventured near the place, although several hunters say that there is an opening at the spot designated by the Cornwall man. It is believed that this cave is the main resort of river pirates and robbers, who plunder in the Hudson river valley, and if so there is considerable danger attending a visitation to the locality.

This site is particularly lonely and deserted. It can be located by passengers on the day boats as they are passing. It is about three hundred feet west of the place where an attempt has been made to quarry stone for crushing, and to reach it one must run the risk of being bitten by the most poisonous snakes.

MALAGASY COOKERY.

Great Care Taken in Preparing the Simple Food.

Cooking being an art, every race has a style of its own. The Malagasy, like the gentle Hindu, knows how to prepare his mess of rice, says the London Telegraph. It is not boiled to a mash as in England, or as our potatoes are sometimes pulped, but, covered with a proper sufficiency of water, is carefully treated until the grains are swollen fit to burst and yet remain full, intact, soft and rather mealy. The manioc root is an easier dish to prepare. It is sometimes served boiled, as yams and sweet potatoes, and again as a sort of cold porridge. Native coffee they understand how to make, and the aroma is excellent; but tea, alas! you have to look to the brewing of that from start to finish if you desire a drinkable cup. Poultry and game are eaten fresh, and the cooks have a clever and withal cleanly trick of dipping the dead animals in boiling water, which enables them to pluck them easily and quickly. The preparation for trussing comes later. There is no lack of variety at a Malagasy table, but, all the same, you miss the wheaten flour bread, sugar and condiments when cloyed with rice, fowls, manioc and eggs. The staple fuel is bunch grass, which when dried burns fiercely, and settles into a glowing ember that gives off a deal of heat. All the cooking is done on earthen hearths, and the roasting, boiling and baking in big iron pots. The grass being slightly aromatic, the odor is as agreeable as that of a hardwood fire.

MASS FOR HOMER.

The Cure Cleverly Turned the Tables on His Jokers.

By order of the archbishop of Paris a requiem mass in the nature of a ceremony of reparation was celebrated lately. It was fitting that this should take place at St. Eustache, where the coffin of Moliere should have been taken after his death, as that was his parish. The artists of the Comedie Francaise, the Odeon and the Opera were present.

The day following the Moliere mass, two young jesters fresh from the boulevards presented themselves gravely at the sacristy of one of the largest churches and asked to see the cure. He gave them audience.

"We desire," said the holder of the pair, "to have a mass said for the repose of the soul of Homer."

"It is a very good idea," replied the cure, without so much as the lifting of an eyebrow.

"And when will you say the mass?" asked one of the young men, a little surprised.

"When you bring me the legalized notice of his death," replied the cure, who courteously conducted his visitors to the door.

A Good Reason for a Morning Nap.

It is claimed that one of the reasons for the undisturbed morning sleep especially for children and delicate and nervous persons is based on a well-understood scientific theory. We are told that the vitality of humanity is at its lowest ebb between two and half-past three in the morning. This being the case, it would naturally require some hours to restore the equilibrium. It is very easy to see that if the cares of the day are taken up before this is secured, the individual would start in handicapped by a certain lack of force. Where the rest continues uninterruptedly until the voluntary awakening, it stands to reason that the system is in much better condition to perform its allotted task. So important to the well-being of the individual is this little understood and scarcely appreciated quality that we call vitality, that it is well worth while to see to it that every condition is made as favorable as possible. To this end, undisturbed rest, with the best surroundings, is a thing to which a good deal more attention should be paid.—N. Y. Ledger.

A Bamboo Organ.

A bamboo organ has been built for the Jesuits' church at Shanghai, and is said to surpass organs made of metal. As bamboo can be obtained of all dimensions, from the thickness of a pen to pieces of a foot in diameter, this natural material costs little more than the simple labor, and the notes are beautifully soft and pleasant to the ear.

WORLD'S EXPENSIVE BRIDGES.

The Structure Uniting New York and Brooklyn Heads the List.

The very latest official computation puts the total cost of the Brooklyn bridge at $17,489,855. The bridge when contracted for was to cost $10,800,000. At least, such was the original estimate of John A. Roabling, who in 1867 put the cost of the bridge at $7,000,000 and of the approaches to it $3,800,000. Actually, the bridge cost $15,000,000, which was not much of an increase over the original figures when the difficulties of the undertaking came into account, the bridge not being opened until sixteen years after the original estimate was made. Subsequent expenditures, which have brought the total cost up to the present figure, are due to the acquisition of new approaches and to improvements upon the structure which were not and could not have been calculated upon when it was opened twelve years ago.

The Brooklyn bridge is the most expensive work of the kind in the world, exceeding in cost any other bridge of which authentic figures are available. The bridge over the Forth, in Scotland, cost $14,000,000, the Victoria bridge in Canada cost $12,000,000, the bridge across the Volga at Caratov, in Russia, cost $4,000,000. The cost of London bridge was $10,000,000, of Waterloo bridge $5,500,000, and of the Westminster bridge $2,500,000.

With the enormous increase of viaduct work for railroad purposes in the United States the profession of "bridge builder" has become a very important one, steel and iron work having largely superseded masonry, since by improved processes in their manufacture structural iron and steel have materially decreased in cost.

GOOD AS GOLD.

How Unused Railway Tickets May Be Redeemed at Slight Cost.

Some men with valuable unused railway tickets on their hands sell them to scalpers, while others go to the railway company that issued them and obtain their value in money. Most men, however, do neither, and accept the loss when the ticket is worth less than one dollar. Indeed, many men do not realize that railway companies stand ready to redeem unused tickets, even of small value, so that the companies must be richer by many thousands of dollars per year by reason of this neglect or ignorance.

Every railway ticket bears the name of the general passenger agent of the road issuing the same. It is a simple matter to inclose the ticket with a letter directed to the general passenger agent, asking him to refund the money paid, and explaining the reason why the ticket is left unused in the hands of the purchaser. It is courteous to inclose a stamped envelope in which the money may be returned.

When all these things have been done, says the New York Sun, the company usually acknowledges the receipt of the ticketholder's communication and promises to investigate the matter. The investigation consists in the proper identification of the ticket and a little bookkeeping to set all right in the accounts. Then the purchaser receives from the company a check for the amount due, along with a letter requesting acknowledgment on the part of the recipient. That closes the transaction, and there is no material loss on either side.

FRENCH LOSSES IN WAR.

Six Million Men Said to Have Perished in the Wars of the Last Century.

Dr. Lageneau of the French academy of medicine has been making an estimate of the deaths by the wars of France for the past century. He finds, according to the New York Sun, that the civil wars of the end of the eighteenth century and of the republic up to and including the year 1800 cost the lives of more than 2,120,000 Frenchmen. From the year 1801 to Waterloo, when France was fighting Europe in arms, more than 3,150,000 Frenchmen were engaged and nearly 2,000,000 perished. Under the restoration, Louis Phillipe, and the second republic, when there were campaigns in Spain, Greece, and Algiers, the army included less than 215,000 men, and the loss in battle was only twenty-two per thousand. Even in the brilliant African campaigns the mean annual loss was less than 150 men.

Next came an era of frequent and bloody wars, the war in the Crimea, the war in Italy, the war in China, the war in Mexico, and finally the war with Prussia. Out of rather less than 310,000 French soldiers sent to the Crimea 95,615 perished. Of the 500,000 that took part in the Italian war nearly 19,000 perished. Nearly 1,000 perished in the expedition to China. The medical statistics of the French in the war of 1870 have not been published, nor have those of the Mexican undertaking. The effective strength of the French in 1870-71 was 1,400,000 men. The number lost is not positively known, but it is believed that the wars of the second empire cost 1,600,000 lives. Dr. Lageneau estimates that the small wars of the third republic have been fought at comparatively small cost of human life. He estimates the total loss for the century to have been 6,000,000 of men, mostly young.

BAD CHIMMIE FADDEN.

He Misbehaves Himself on Board a New York "L" Car.

A small boy carrying a big cage, with a parrot in it, got aboard a Third avenue "L" train at Fourteenth street the other day and took a seat next to a benevolent-looking man wearing a white tie, says the New York World.

The boy set the cage down in front of him and, as the train started, the parrot began to mutter in most unintelligible fashion. The benevolent-looking man glanced up from his paper and said:

"Nice parrot, isn't he?"

"Yep."

"Is he yours?"

"Nop; m' uncle's."

"What's his name?"

"Chimmie Fadden."

"Can he talk?"

"O' course; hello, Chimmie!" bending over the cage.

"What t'ell! what t'ell! what t'ell!" screamed the bird, without an instant's hesitation.

The benevolent-looking man got red in the face, and a girl across the car giggled. Other passengers laughed, also. The owner of the white tie got behind his newspaper, while the small boy looked innocently out the window.

AN M. P.'S INFATUATION.

A DOMESTIC DIFFERENCE.

The general impression among Jim Percival's friends was that he might have done a good deal better for himself than he did in his matrimonial venture.

An M. P., with a safe seat and decided abilities, young, good-looking, well connected, but having only a limited income, he was just the man who should have married money, and this is exactly what he had not done. He met his wife in Paris during a holiday trip. She was a pretty, vivacious Irish woman, lady-like and attractive, but she had no fortune, and was of no particular family. The M. P.'s friends shook their heads over the match, and all felt convinced that before long he would find out what a mistake he had made.

There could be no doubt that under the circumstances his marriage was an imprudent one. With his eight hundred pounds a year Percival had subsisted comfortably enough as a bachelor, but as a married M. P. he found that his income went simply no way at all. To cut himself off from society and to live with his wife in economical seclusion was, of course, out of the question. It would have made him unpopular with his constituents, as well as with certain influential friends in town, to whose good offices he looked for securing some post in the government when his party came back to power. And as he had no profession, but had launched himself for good or ill upon a parliamentary career, it would have been madness in him to prejudice his chances of political preferment.

The natural consequence followed. Percival got into debt. He consoled himself first of all for outrunning the constable by the consideration that his party must soon return to power, and then he should be able to recoup his present expenditure. But the radicals remained "in" session after session; the looked-for general election came no nearer, and Percival began to feel very lugubrious indeed. He already owed nearly one thousand pounds—a crushing liability to a man with a small income and no capital; indeed, he did not attempt to disguise from himself that unless something very unexpected turned up he must soon be hopelessly insolvent. His wife had long been urging immediate and rigid retrenchment, but each time she mentioned it Percival shook his head.

The house was in committee on a bill which was being fought tooth and nail by the opposition, and urgent whips had been issued to the members of both parties to be as frequently as possible in their places. But there were many dreary intervals of debate, when no big division was imminent, and during those intervals Percival did not always remain in the precincts of the house.

He might no doubt have spent them at home or in escorting his wife to one or other of the numerous social functions which, for his sake, she so religiously attended. But in his worried state of mind the dullness of a domestic evening, or the yet deadlier boredom of a political conversazione, was uninviting. He preferred to forget his troubles in more enlivening scenes. Within a mile of the Palace of Westminster there is, as all the world knows, a famous theater of varieties. It is under unexceptionable management; it puts forward the strongest and most enterprising programme of the kind in London. One evening during a particularly drowsy debate a fellow M. P. had suggested to Percival that they should run across to the X. and see the Rainbow danseuse. Percival had complied. After that night he went to see her pretty regularly.

Just before the dance the stage was darkened; behind loomed a background of murky clouds, gloomy as the sky before an impending thunderstorm; then a brilliant blaze of sunlight burst upon the shadowed scene, and whirling wildly in its dazzling rays appeared the famous Rainbow danseuse. What a sight that was! How dexterously she managed her mass of gorgeous draperies, which floated all about her, and swirled and spun like a revolving wheel. At times nothing but the flashing hues of these robes was visible; at other times a lovely face, crowned with golden yellow locks, stood out among them, radiant, spiritual, superb—and then, while this entrancing apparition smiled and the audience clapped and shouted, rumblings of thunder rolled upon the air; clouds overcast the sunlight; and, amid their gathering gloom, the Rainbow goddess faded slowly from the scene.

If it had ended with his merely admiring this ravishing beauty from a distance, all might have been well. But such infatuation as Percival's was not satisfied to confine itself within those modest limits. A strong desire came over him to make her personal acquaintance. He ought, of course, to have withstood it. It should have been perfectly obvious to him that, in giving way to his desire, he was voluntarily thrusting himself into the path of danger.

But he gave way, nevertheless. He went farther. He actually addressed one or two letters to the young lady. To his great chagrin she sent him no reply. At last, in desperation, he procured an introduction to the manager of the X., and besought that gentleman's aid in his foolish and culpable project.

"Just so," said the manager, rather coldly. "Well, Mr. Percival, I will communicate your wish to the young lady, and will then let you know her reply. I cannot hold out hopes that it will be favorable, for a number of other gentlemen have desired introduction to her, and have all been refused. You see, she is a simple, modest girl, who is merely using her talent to support her family, and has no desire for a circle of male admirers. However, as I said, I will tell her that you wish to be introduced."

The following night when he ought to have been in his place in the house, listening to the ministerial leader's statement, he was hovering near the stage door of the X. He had made up his mind to follow his goddess home, and so find out her private address.

Percival had a cab waiting for him at the corner. He noticed another cab drawn up opposite the stage door. He strolled up and accosted the driver.

"You're a lucky man to have such a charming fare," said Percival carelessly.

"Oo said I 'ad a charmin' fare?" retorted the man, suspiciously. Then he added: "If that's your sort, young feller, you may save yourself the trouble of doin' the civil to me. For she's a thoroughly good young 'ooman, I can tell yer, and won't stand no followers foolin' around—not she!"

Percival affected to laugh and strolled away. In a few minutes he saw the girl hurry out and get into her cab. Then he jumped into his own—having instructed the driver to follow the other vehicle and keep it carefully in sight.

When they had driven about a mile his cab stopped. The M. P. got out. He saw the young lady alighting from her cab about a hundred yards ahead. She turned and walked rapidly away. With a beating heart and trembling steps, he followed her, keeping an interval of seventy or eighty yards between them.

She had not alighted at her own door, but at the end of a street of private houses, down which she was now walking. Percival realized with a certain thrill of uneasiness that it was P—— street, the street in which his own house was situated. But something worse was in store. The young lady stopped, appeared to be carefully scrutinizing the numbers, then, after some evident hesitation, she walked straight up to the door of Percival's house and rang the bell. A minute later she was admitted.

All at once the truth flashed upon the unhappy M. P. There could, of course, be no doubt upon the subject. This young lady, annoyed and frightened by his persistent attentions, and seeing that silent disdain had no effect in stopping them, had taken the ready and effective method of reporting him to his wife!

Percival leaned against some iron railings, near which he stood and wiped his clammy forehead with his handkerchief. His dismay was altogether beyond words. If he had been on bad terms with his wife—if love on either side had ceased between them—if she had not been perfectly fond and trusting toward him he could have stood the thing better. But as it was he felt like a man who had suddenly received a knock-down blow. His knees were trembling violently; a sense of sickness, of faintness, stole over him; in the face of this fearful exposure his infatuation for the danseuse seemed to die; for the first time he seemed to realize what an abject idiot he had been.

It was a long time before he could make up his mind how to act. He patrolled the street for more than half an hour before he had decided—and a bad half hour he found it. Then he took a sudden resolution. He would go in and make a clean breast of the whole affair to his wife. That, after all, was the most honest, and, probably, the most prudent course. She might, or she might not believe him; but he would tell her all the truth, express his sincere penitence, and throw himself upon her mercy.

He nerved himself to the effort. He went in. He entered the drawing-room. His wife was now alone. She looked up at him with a cold, altered expression, that made him wince. But he persevered. He spoke. He told her all. She averted her face, and heard his confession to the end in ominous silence.

"And so, Jim, my make-up, my golden wig, and my wedding draperies—to say nothing of the shifting lights and the shadows thrown upon one, baffled even your penetration, eh, sir?"

Jim was staring at his pretty wife, who had now risen and stood before him, smiling archly, in evident enjoyment of his obvious relief and astonishment.

"And you fell in love with my make-up. For that is what it comes to, doesn't it, Jim?"

"By Jove!" he exclaimed with emphasis, "that explains it. It was your eyes that did it, little girl. They drew me to the theater night after night to worship you. I could not resist their spell. I could not explain it to myself. Yet I felt there was something half familiar in their magnetic influence upon me. To think I never guessed. By Jove! I was a duffer. I ought to have known that no such other eyes were to be found in all England!"

"Or in all America, either?" questioned the Rainbow danseuse, playfully. Jim's explanation was, unconsciously, the most diplomatic that he could have devised. Those incomparable eyes beamed upon him with tenderness and loving humor.

"But, I say," asked Jim, an idea striking him, "these social functions which you have been attending so assiduously for the past few months—have they been simple blinds to dupe your unsuspicious husband—eh, Jennie?"

"Not at all, sir. I went to them all. But as my 'turn' at the theater lasted only ten minutes or so, I was able to go there as well. Besides," she added, with the slightest tinge of playful reproach in her tone, "you have not been at home enough lately to miss me very much, have you, Jim?"

"By Jove!" he cried, "I'll turn over a new leaf in that respect to-night."

He went up, placed his arm round his wife, and kissed her fondly. She leaned her head upon his shoulder and held up a pink slip of paper to his eyes.

"There! Dear old Jim!" she exclaimed. "Mr. Y—— has paid me—what do you think? Fifty pounds a week. That is a check for ten weeks' salary. At this rate your Rainbow goddess will soon dance you clear out of debt—won't she, Jim?"

And she soon did.—London Truth.

EPIGRAMS OF LINCOLN.

WE cannot escape history.

LET none falter who thinks he is right.

COME what will, I will keep my faith with friend and foe.

ALL that I am, all that I hope to be I owe to my angel mother.

THERE is no grievance that is a fit object of redress by mob law.

THIS country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it.

I AUTHORIZE no bargains for the presidency, and will be bound by none.

FOR thirty years I have been a temperance man, and I am too old to change.

NO MAN is good enough to govern another without that other's consent.

A BOTTOMLESS PIT.

Exploration of a Peculiar Cave Formation in France.

Among the most remarkable of nature's wonders the subterranean pit at Jean Nouveau, near Vaucluse, France, which reaches a depth of five hundred and forty feet, while nowhere more than twelve feet wide, has only recently been explored. The French Society of Speleology (cave study) erected a derrick at the mouth of the pit which begins with a funnel fifteen feet wide at the top and narrows down to three feet at a depth of about twenty feet. From here down the crevice in the rock, for such it is, extends vertically, getting wider as it extends deeper, until at a depth of about four hundred and seventy-five feet it is twelve feet wide. At this point the shaft opens into a roomy cave in which just beneath the opening of the vertical pit a thick layer of clay, containing remains of bones, both human and animal, was found. The explorers found no evidence that the place had ever been visited by man, but tradition has it that criminals were thrown into the "bottomless pit," as it was popularly called in the neighborhood, and the remains in the cave just beneath the shaft tend to corroborate this belief.

The descent made into the shaft was exceedingly difficult; it established the fact that there must be a further cave far below the one now known, but the crevice through which it is accessible is choked up with debris and bowlders so that it will be a very difficult matter to penetrate further into the cave than has been done. The deepest point reached in this crevice is five hundred and ninety-three feet underground. Great quantities of water rush through the shaft at every time there is a storm, still no trace of water was found in the cave explored, which proves that some other subterranean exit must exist.

USES FOR OLD RAILS.

A Great Amount of Barbed-Wire Fencing Is Made of Them.

In speaking of the use of old rails recently, says the Railway Reviewer, an official of the Pennsylvania railroad stated the life of a rail on the Pennsylvania lines west is about eleven years and on the Pennsylvania railroad only nine years. The difference is perhaps due to heavier traffic on the Pennsylvania railroad. The friction of constantly passing trains wears on the rail until it must be replaced by a new one. The company pays twenty-four dollars a ton—now twenty-two dollars—and the rails used on that line average eighty-five pounds to the yard. When it has passed its useful stage the rail is replaced.

The old rails that are taken out from time to time are gathered up every month and sold to junk and scrap dealers at twelve dollars a ton. It can readily be seen that the company pays only twelve dollars for the use of rails per ton. The price received from the scrap man is a good figure, when it is known that the rails, when sold, are of no use to the company. Rails that are not much worn are sold to factories along the road at eighteen dollars per ton, where they are used for sidings and answer the purpose quite as well as new rails. There are many uses to which the old rail is put. A great amount of barb-wire fencing is made of railroad iron and very often the rails are used as foundations for large buildings. There are not many people who know that the Masonic temple in Chicago rests on a foundation of steel rails, layer upon layer, six feet deep.

A CANINE CURIOSITY.

"Rover," a Big Newfoundland Tramp Dog of Put-in-Bay.

There is a Newfoundland dog at Put-in-Bay that is certainly a curiosity. His name is Rover and he is known at every house and hostelry on the island. Years ago he was named by Mr. Jay Cooke, the millionaire banker and owner of Gibraltar, the cliff-girt little island that nestles in the bosom of Put-in-Bay, hardly yet separated from its parent mother by a narrow line of shoals. Mr. Cooke had no use for Rover and gave him away when he was quite young to a family on the island of the name of Roelfing. In the course of time, says the Buffalo Commercial, the Roelfing family moved away and Rover, who had grown into fine proportions, was left alone without a master. Several times attempts were made to domicile the brute, but they were of no avail. He either would not forget his old master or else had determined to be true to his name and lead a roving life. At any rate, for the past three or four years Rover has been the tramp dog of the island, without any home. Everybody likes him, and there is not a child that does not save him a piece of meat or crust of bread. He makes the rounds from house to house, and always seeks the kitchen door first. He is round, fat and sleek, and lives on the fat of the land and is the common property of the island.

Her Conundrum.

It is often hard to determine hit from "good wit" in the case of children, and some of their flashes of precocity seem not to be unconscious, but rather the fragment of some remembered knowledge. A little maid of five, who had been listening quietly to the puzzles and conundrums of the older children, seemed at last to divine the method of their construction, and, after some thought, asked: "What could you get on a very high, steep mountain?" The answers were ice, snow, rocks, eagles' nests and the like, to all of which the little one persistently shook her head. When asked to tell the answer she triumphantly cried: "Nothing!" "But why?" asked the others, in a breath. "Because you couldn't get up there after it," was the demure reply.

COMMERCIAL POINTERS.

CALIFORNIA evaporated pears are exported.

EXPORTS of Irish wool were prohibited in 1521.

A SANDUSKY (O.) grocer sells eggs by the peck.

ENGLAND imports $3,000,000 worth of potatoes every year.

SULPHATE of zinc is used to render molasses pure amber color.

AMERICANS used 66,096,058 pounds of oleomargarine last year.

IT is estimated that the annual sales of German toys in England amount to £2,000,000.

IT is calculated that over $14,000,000 is annually spent in tobacco and pipes in the United Kingdom.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - SEPTEMBER 6, 1895.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Prothonotary,
WILLIAM O'BRIEN, of Johnstown.
For Register and Recorder,
D. A. McGOUGH, of Ebensburg.
For District Attorney,
JAMES M. WALTERS, of Johnstown.
For Poor Director,
JOHN O'HARA, of Munster township.
For Coroner,
DR. WILLIAM RAUCH, of Johnstown.
For Surveyor,
S. W. MILLER, of Johnstown.

WOMEN acted as conductors on the street cars in Bay City, Michigan, Friday last, to raise money for the Masonic Temple Fund.

ONE thing pretty well settled in the people's minds is that the present prosperity of the country is not due to McKinley's high tariff.

THAT news from the Bannocks confirms the impression that about the only fair show the Indians have is with other Wild west connections.

It wasn't enough that other industries should condemn the calamity-howler, but here the glass furnaces of the land are giving him a blast.

RESIDENTS of Sedan, Sunday, observed the 25th anniversary of the capture of the place by Germans with mourning and manifestations of sorrow. Throughout Germany the day was one of general rejoicing.

THE customs receipts for this fiscal year have exceeded by $9,000,000 those for the corresponding period of last year. The excess is largely due to the duty on sugar, which last year was on the free list.

THE Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company have booked an order from the Carnegie company, of Pittsburg, Pa., for 25,000 tons of "basic iron," to to be used in the later company's steel mills at Braddock and Bessemer, Pa.

A WOMAN named Butler is the first of her sex to vote at a general election in England. Her name was put on in mistake of Barrow, and the presiding officer at the polls held that he had no authority to inquire into her sex when the name was once on the list.

IT was during the era of McKinleyism that millionaires at one extreme of the population and tramps at the other became strikingly distinct classes That was the result of a system of taxation devised to more desperately impoverish the poor and to more munificently enrich the wealthy.

ANOTHER sign of prosperity is manifested at Salem, Mass., where the 2,700 employes of the Naumkeag Cotton Mills have been notified that hereafter their wages will be increased from 6 to 20 per cent over that now being paid. The managers of the company say that business has been very good and that the increase is warranted.

THE situation of the treasury as regards the subject of revenue, apart from that of the gold reserve, has greatly improved within the past two months. If the receipts average through the year what they have been during July and August, the deficit for the current year will be trifling and there will be little necessity for new revenue legislation.

ANOTHER star, the forty-fifth, is to be added to the flag. The new star will represent Utah, and the order for its addition to the national colors was issued by Secretary Lamont on Tuesday. The star will be placed to the right of the fourth row from the top. Utah will not attain statehood until the fourth day of next July, but all the flags hereafter contracted for and issued will contain the star heralding the admission of that territory into the Union.

IT was reported last week on authority which is considered absolutely reliable that Ex-Postmaster General W. S. Bissell has been offered the place on the United States supreme court bench made vacant by the death of Justice Jackson. The information came from a close friend of Mr. Bissell, and it is stated that the ex-postmaster general revealed the secret before he left Buffalo early last week. The information further stated that Mr. Bissell would not accept.

EACH of the seven justices of the new superior court receives an average salary of $625 per month. Although the commissions of the judges date from the 1st of July, the court will not sit until November. A period of four months will thus elapse in which no service whatever will be rendered to the state. Meanwhile, however, taxpayers will be required to pay each of the justices for that time the sum of $2,600 or $18,000 in the aggregate. It was the conception and sanctioning, of this system of plundering the treasury that reveals the true character of the late legislature and the present executive.

A HARRISBURG telegram to the *Leader*, says that an effort has been made to construe the peaceful ending of Wednesday's convention proceedings as a sign of a compromise between Senator Quay and the combine. Senator Quay has authorized a statement denying this positively, and stating that the harmony evidenced late in the campaign was only possible after the combine had confessed defeat and had succumbed to the inevitable. Lieutenant Governor Lyon states again that no compromise was effected at the conference of Tuesday night and Wednesday morning; that the state committee merely vindicated its original position and compelled Chairman Gilkeson to admit this.

IMPROVEMENT in markets and prices, says *Dun's Review*, continues, and whereas a few months ago everybody was nursing the faintest hopes of recovery, it has now come to be the only question what branches, if any, the rise in prices and the increase in business may go too far. A strong conservative feeling is finding expression, not as yet controlling the markets or industries, but warning against too rapid expansion and rise In some directions the advance in prices clearly checks future business But encouraging features have great power. Exports of gold continue, but are met by syndicate deposits and expected to cease soon. Anxieties about the monetary future no longer hinder. Crop prospects, except for cotton, have somewhat improved during the week. Important steps toward reorganization of great railroads give hope to investors. Labor troubles are for the moment less threatening, and some of importance have been definitely settled. The industries are not only doing better than anybody expected, but are counting on a great business for the rest of the year.

The advance in prices of iron and its products has added about $2 per ton more in a single week to the price of Bessemer iron at Pittsburg, and yet the great steel companies are buying wherever they can, while the air is full of reports that this or that finished product will further advance. Many of the ablest men deplore this rapid rise, note that it may expose some branches to foreign competition, and urge that consumers begin to hesitate. But the various combinations which now control many iron products have so successfully lifted prices thus far, that the markets seem to lack the restraint of individual caution, and meanwhile holders of large quantities purchased for future sale or delivery want to get all they can for them. The demand, whether on old or new orders, appears large enough to sustain all advances yet made, and strikes of ore handlers and Marquette miners cause fear that supplies of Bessemer ore may run short.

WHEN the Democratic State Convention assembles, says the Philadelphia *Record*, it should declare in unmistakable language for the abolition of the superior court, and make that an issue both this year and next, when a new legislature is to be chosen. In order that there may be no misapprehension of the position of the party the candidates put in nomination for judges of the superior court should be pledged in advance not to accept a penny of salary after the court shall have been abolished.

While the Republican platform conveys a strong rebuke to the Hastings administration in its declaration for the abolition of unnecessary offices and salaries which the recent legislature busied itself in creating, and which the governor approved, the effect of the rebuke is weakened by the generality of its terms. The Democratic platform should be explicit, and should call things and persons by their right names. Since a superior court is to be elected it is to the advantage of the people that they should have the best material in the state to choose from. The Democrats should, therefore, name a full ticket. If proper men shall be named there will be no difficulty in securing their acquiescence in a pledge not to avail themselves of the emoluments of office in case the office itself should be abolished.

THE coal commerce of the country, says the Philadelphia *Times*, is deep in suggestions to the advocates of high protective schedules. For the year past the total coal production of Canada, which includes British Columbia and the Northwest territories, amounted to 3,454,188. The consumption of coal in the Dominion aggregated 5,496,776 tons, and while Canada exported 995,998 tons the imports amounted to 1,580,522 from the United States.

When tariff on coal was reduced from 75 to 40 cents a ton it was claimed that such a course would ruin the soft coal mining industry of Pennsylvania and West Virginia as Canadian coal would compete and flood the markets. Under the first year of the Wilson tariff bill the Dominion imports half as much coal as the Nova Scotia and other operations were capable of producing, and all this with the Cape Breton miners making 75 cents a ton to the average rate of 45 cents in this state.

What would the situation be if there was no tariff tax? The removal of 35 cents of the tax increased imports from this country nearly one million tons in the year just ended—a very contrary claim to the predictions of the calamity-howlers.

IT is a mournful fact that several leading Republican papers of the state are not willing to accept the conversion of Brother Quay to the sacred cause of reform as being a thing to swear by. The Philadelphia *Telegraph* is one of these doubting Thomases, and says:

For 30 years Mr. Quay has been standing defiantly in opposition to the cause of reform. He has never before had anything but sneers and supreme contempt for those whom he regards as theorists, purists and cranks. Now this thorough-paced politician wraps himself in the white robes of reform and poses as its champion! This is enough to make the owls of the Alleghenies unite in a hoot that might be heard through the land. Without the aid of political time servers Mr. Quay would have been beaten out of sight. He renews his commission as the autocrat of the Republican party in the greatest Republican state of the Union by the grace of those whose combined ignorance, selfishness and weakness has again postponed the day of the people's deliverance.

A FORMER mayor politician and millionaire of Duluth, Minnesota, Alonzo J. Whiteman, has been sentenced to 9 years in the penitentiary at San Francisco for forgery.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C August 31, 1895.—Secretaries Carlisle and Lamont are the first members of the cabinet to return from their vacations and settle down to work. They both found things moving nicely in their respective departments. Secretary Carlisle is being importuned to go to Kentucky for the purpose of trying to make peace between the state central committee and the candidates on the Democratic state ticket, but he has not yet consented to do so, and it is not at all certain that he will.

Boss Quay, in the eyes of Republican politicians, began his "second time on earth" when he knocked out his enemies and got a new and strong hold on the Republican machine in Pennsylvania Democrats also are interested in a way, as it is among the probabilities that Quay's latest demonstration of his ability as a schemer and trickster will cause him to be selected to run the Republican national campaign next year

Ex. Governor Gollick, of Arizonia, who has been spending the summer on the Atlantic coast, is now in Washington Speaking of national politics he said: "In my judgment the strongest man the Democratic party can have at the head of its ticket is Ex. Secretary William C. Whitney. With such a leader we can carry New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut beyond a doubt. The first two will be won by Democracy this year, according to present indications These three states are still essential to the success of the Democratic party. It is folly, this talk about letting the east go and forming an alliance with the west. It is a snare and a delusion. The south cannot afford to alienate its old time allies for the sake of a doubtful coalition with western commonwealths of populistic tendencies There is nothing to gain by such a combination. The right programme is to stick to New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. Here is the battle ground in 1896, as it has been in the past, and here the Democracy can conquer."

Hon. Chauncey F. Black, of Pa., president of the national association of Democratic clubs, has written a letter to Lawrence Gardner, of this city, secretary of the association, denying that any attempt was being made, as charged in recent publications, to commit the clubs on the silver question. In that letter he says: "We are all Democrats. Let us stand faithfully by the national platform until a new one is made. I have my opinion on the silver question, but I have placed on the executive committee of this association some of the most distinguished advocates of silver in the land, as witness, McMillin of Tennessee, Car. of North Carolina, Clarke, of Montgomery, Ankeny, of Min., and Richards, of Utah. Would any of these gentlemen be there if I were inclined to pack a committee against their views?

Not a thought was taken of the silver question when the committee was appointed. We ask the co-operation of all Democrats and all Democratic clubs between the two oceans in support of those universally accepted Democratic principles which are stated in the several articles of our constitution, and as to all else we abide the final determination of the regular nominating national convention.

It is understood that the report of the Nicaragua Canal commission, which is now in the hands of Secretary Lamont, is favorable to the canal, but bears somewhat heavily on the methods of the canal company, particularly as to estimates of the amount needed to complete the canal. The commission says it will take $115,000,000 to complete the canal, which is $45,000,000 more than the company's estimate.

Time brings changes. Under the federal election laws, repealed by a Democratic congress, one John I Davenport, as U. S. supervisor of elections for the city of New York, was for many years a sort of Republican joss. He always had money to spend when he came to Washington, which was often. Things have not gone so easily with him since he lost his occupation. He rented a Washington house, but this week the contents were seized by a constable because of an unpaid rent bill of $600. It is not right to rejoice at anybody's misfortunes, but there are lots of people who would find it very difficult to be sorry for John I. Davenport's troubles.

M.

A Terrible Forest Fire Raging.

Cape May, N. J., September 3.—A change of the wind to the south gave the forest fire which broke out near Woodbine yesterday, fresh impetus this afternoon, and it is burning with awful fury. Its line is said to extend for forty miles and the flames are eating their way with great rapidity toward Egg Harbor.

It is the worst woods fire in years. Gangs of men are out fighting with might and main to stop its onward rush by back firing, but they are making but slight headway. Residents are fleeing from their homes which are endangered. Dense masses of smoke and flying cinders are driven before the brisk winds and passengers on the railroad trains are almost stifled. They describe the fire as very alarming.

Killed His Wife.

Vincennas, Ind., Sedtember 2.—Bill Carter, colored, this morning shot and killed his wife because she had refused to live with him. Carter hid in an alley on Hart street and shot her as she passed, five shots entering her body, killing her almost instantly. Carter then ran to his room on Seventh street, loaded his gun and revolver, climbed to the room and swore that he would kill any man who approached. Deputy Sheriff Bryant went to arrest him. Carter was seen lying upon the roof, and as he poked his head over to look down Bryant shot him in the head and face with a shotgun. Both of Carter's eyes were shot out and he surrendered.

Peculiar Civil Service.

ERIE, PA., Sept. 4.—Assistant Postmaster Evisch, of Erie, was arrested today for violation of the civil service laws, along with Messers. Leivle and Bruce, candidates for civil service examination. Each of the men gave bail in the sum of $1,000. Besides being assistant postmaster Evisch is secretary of the civil Service Examining Board of Erie district. His present trouble came about through breaking the seal of an official envelope and giving to Leivle and Bruce a list of the questions the night prior to their final examination by the board.

Pittsburg, September 4.—There promises to be trouble at Beadling Brothers' soft coal mines, over the check weighman. The company has two Gatling guns, plenty of rifles and a fire engine, with the hose attached, ready for the strikers at any moment.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., Sept. 4.—Elias Huffmann, 9 years old, was drowned in a mill pond here this afternoon in water not over two and a half feet deep. He was in bathing and in ducking swallowed so much watter. Before assistance could reach him he strangled.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Captured After Two Years.

Duluth, Minn., September 2.—Living in the wilds of Northern Minnesota, fifty miles from a postoffice, with only a boy for a companion, Dr. George W. Fraker, who planned one of the most gigantic and successful insurance swindles of modern times was captured by officers who have been on his track for the past two years. Up to August 12 last there was a standing reward for his arrest offered by the insurance companies.

In the latter part of 1893 Dr. George W. Fraker was physician to the St. Elmo hotel, the leading hotel in Excelsior Springs, a famous health resort near Kansas City. Together with seven or eight companions the doctor went fishing on the Missouri river one day after dark, while in the company of George Harry, James Tripley and Jake Crowley, a negro, he disappeared and was seen no more. These three men afterward swore that they witnessed his drowning while rowing in a leaky boat, but after a strict search his body could not be recovered.

Some three or four months previous to this he began loading up with life insurance, taking $10,000 in the Kansas mutual life, of Topeka; $15,000 in the Hartford life and annuity; $15,000 in the Providence saving life, of New York, and $5,000 in the benevolent societies of that place, a total of $48,000. Immediately after his disappearance the insurance companies held a conference and discovered that while the doctor's income was only about $1,800 a year his premiums amounted to $1,000 annually, and that George Harry and James Triplet, who swore to having witnessed Fraker's death were men of bad character. They immediately set on foot plans for his capture with the results given.

It Shakes Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, September 2.—An earthquake shock lasting several seconds was felt in this city shortly after 6 o'clock yesterday morning. This disturbance by mother earth of the quiet of the Sabbath morning was violent enough, while it lasted, to create a great deal of consternation and not a little damage. Buildings perceptibly swayed, windows clattered and banged and clocks and pictures toppled from their places.

The shock was most severely felt in the suburban districts, and it is said that in one part of George's Hill, in Fairmount park, a fissure was opened permitting the entrance of a plummet which extended down a distance of over a hundred feet without touching bottom. A large plate glass window in the shade store of Michael Lett, 1914 Germantown avenue, was split from top to bottom. Similar cases are reported from other parts of the city, though no damage to life or person has been reported.

Regular Cowboy Fashion.

East Stroudsburg, Pa., September 2.—After stealing $600, besides clothing and revolvers, Charles Houghtellen was shot and mortally wounded by Benjamin Tripp, alias "Texas Jack," a cowboy. The affair occurred at Reeder's near here, Sunday afternoon. Houghtellen and his mother, who poses as "Nemo, the white witch of Mexico," were members of the stranded "Buck Taylor Wild West Show," with Tripp. They have been giving exhibitions of rough riding and shooting in the towns near by and had accumulated several hundred dollars. While Tripp was asleep the mother and son chloroformed him and decamped. The cowboy came up with the runaway pair on the mountains and shot the son three times. Tripp is in jail.

The Dynamite Went Up.

Pittsburg, Pa., September 3.—11 50 o'clock to-day 1,000 pounds of nitroglycerine exploded near Shannopin station, on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad, nineteen miles from Pittsburg. The scene was the storage house where glycerine used in shooting the oil wells in the Shannopin oil fields is stored. Two employes had just left the building for dinner, but were still near enough to be thrown to the ground by the concussion. Their escape is little less than miraculous The magazine was scattered to the winds. Nothing remains but a huge excavation in the earth. The shock was felt for miles surrounding the location of the building. The cause of the explosion will probably never be ascertained.

Cholera in Honolulu.

San Francisco, August 31.—The steamer Monowai, which arrived last night from Australian ports, did not stop at Honolulu, as usual. When off that port the steamer was hailed by the American consul in a small boat, who announced that cholera had broken out in Honolulu. Among the natives and Chinese the cholera broke out soon after the steamer Belgic left on her last trip It is presumed the disease was brought by that vessel. The Monowai did not enter Honolulu harbor, but steamed direct to San Francisco. Her passengers for Hawaii were brought here. There had been eights deaths from the disease among the natives and Chinese.

A Cashier Held Up.

Chicago, September 2.—Shortly before noon to day, while Cashier Raymond O'Connell, of the Masonic Temple Association was taking money from the safe, a young man approached from behind and grabbed a cash box containing $750.

The thief started down State street with his plunder, followed by 500 citizens, and was captured by a policeman. During his flight he threw the money into a garbage box and it was recovered. Certain suspicious circumstances led the police to closely question Cashier O'Connell, who finally confessed that the robbery was planned by himself. He says the thief is James Gordon, of Louisville, Ky.

A King's Life in Danger.

Barrietz, Augusta 31.—King Alexander, of Servia, nearly lost his life while bathing this morning in the Bay of Biscay. He went out swimming this morning with an instructor in the natatorium, and both master and pupil were carried off their feet and away from the shore by the strong current which prevailed off this fashionable watering place of France. The swimming-master was drowned, in spite of the efforts made to save him, and King Alexander only reached the shore with the difficulty.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Jacob Kline, a wealthy brick manufacturer of Cairo, Ill., was killed by a kiln of hot brick falling on him.

—Dora Hellwagon, through jealousy, shot Henry Bolling and Rosa Swearingen, at Quincy, Ill. Both will die.

—James R. Morse, of New York, has obtained a rich mining concession in Corea. The king is his partner.

—There will be a 5 per cent. increase in the price of window glass in a few days, insuring a raise in the wages of glass workers.

—William Bergetes, wanted in Luzerne county for assaulting and robbing his landlady there of $250, was arrested in Pittsburg.

—Miss Annie Pelton, 22 years old, has disappeared from Batavia, N. Y. So has $3,675 belonging to her father. She is believed to have eloped with John Toal.

—George B. Harrison, of Fort Wayne, Ind., while riding in a box car, was robbed by tramps and thrown out at New Florence, Westmoreland county, being badly hurt.

—Andrew Storey, a Grand Rapids, Mich., cloak manufacturer, shot himself in Brooklyn, on Monday, where we was visiting. Recent financial losses was the cause.

—Webster Hartle, near Middleburg, raised 102 bushels of clover seed from 26 acres. From the crop he realized over $500 which is considerably more profitable than wheat raising.

—A surgical operation exactly similar to that perform upon President Garfield was Saturday performed upon Patrick McHugh, who had been shot at Pittston, and he will recover.

—William M. Brought, a former well-known blacksmith in Lewistown, committed suicide in Chicago recently by swallowing carbolic acid, because his wife and daughter deserted him.

—Charged with having drugged Florence McClellan and then robbing her of diamonds worth $2,000 in St. Louis, Mo., Samuel Casten ("Diamond Sam") will be extradited from New York.

—The former Indian princess, wife of Professor Nash, the teacher of British schools in India, the latter of whom committed suicide on a ship at sea, has arrived at Port Townsend, Wash.

—Transport No. 1, of the Lake Michigan car ferry company, has made its initial trip from South Chicago to Peshtigo, Wis., with a full load of 28 cars of freight in 26 hours. The distance is 320 miles.

—Peter Zimmerman, the noted horse-thief, just released from the Western penitentiary at Allegheny, and 40 of whose 72 years have been spent in prison, was on Monday sentenced to two years to the West Virginia prison.

—Ethel Yorke, a chorous girl in Eddie Foy's "Little Robinson Crusoe" company, was kidnaped Saturday night after the play at the Olympic theater, St. Louis. Two men who claimed to be policeman took her away in a hack.

—Booker W. Washington has been invited as a representative of the colored race to take part in the opening exercises at the Atlanta exposition. Mr. Washington is one of the foremost educators of his race. He is a comparatively young man of extraordinary intelligence, and is an orator of considerable power.

—Miss Caroline M. Keighler was instantly killed near Penn station on Monday. Miss Mansiger, of Jeannette, accompanied by Miss Keighler, came out on the train known as the "bummer." By some mistake they got off at Penn station instead of Jeannette. They were caught by a shifter, and Miss Keighler's head was almost severed from her body.

—The window-glass wage scale for the year beginning with September 1st was settled at a conference of manufacturers and workingmen in Pittsburg Saturday afternoon by the manufacturers conceding an advance over last year's scale of seven and one-half per cent. The settlement, which is a compromise, affects about twenty thousand men.

—James Getty, an ex-councilman and wealthy wholesale liquor dealer, was shot and killed on Wednesday of last week by Alexander Hutchinson, formerly proprietor of the Merchants' hotel, in Pittsburg. Getty was was the owner of Hotel Wiley, and the murder was the result of a dispute over the leasing of the hotel to Hutchinson. The shooting occurred in Getty's office, on First avenue. Hutchinson gave himself up and is now in jail.

—In Franklin township, Beaver county, Pa., Friday evening, three masked robbers visited the home of Jacob Kessler, an aged man who lives alone and is reported quite wealthy, and, binding him hand and foot, compelled him, by torture, to give up $500 that he had in the house. The robbers roasted Kessler's feet over a lamp and beat him unmercifully before he acceded to their demand for his money. The robbers failed to get over $1,000 that was in the house beside the $500.

—Before the governor left Harrisburg last Thursday he authorized the following appointments, which were announced on Monday: James E. Roderick, of Hazleton, to be mine inspector of the Fifth anthracite district; Miss Elizabeth Myer, of Towanda, to be a member of the Atlanta Exposition Ladies' auxiliary; Charles T. George, of Harrisburg, and Dr. F. A. Boericke, of Philadelphia, to be members of the state pharmaceutical examining board, the latter taking the place of Alonso Bobbins.

—A fatal accident befel a 4-year-old son of Joseph Berry, Lack township, Juniata county, on Monday morning, the 12th inst. The little boy was engaged at play with another little fellow aged about 6 years, son of John Andrews, and while hiding in some tall grass, young Andrews thrust a scythe into the grass and struck his companion with the point of it in the neck, severing the jugular vein. Realizing what had happened and becoming greatly alarmed, young Andrews ran to the house and told Mrs. Berry of the accident. The fatally injured lad rose up and, clasping his handed over the wound, started in the direction of his home, but only made a few steps when he fell prostrate on the ground and bled to death before his mother reached him.

Small Beginnings

Make great endings sometimes. Ailments that we are apt to consider trivial often grow, through neglect, into atrocious maladies, dangerous in themselves and productive of others. It is the disregard of the earlier indications of ill health which leads to the establishment of all sorts of maladies on a chronic basis. Moreover, there are certain disorders incident to the season, such as malaria and rheumatism, against which it is always desirable to fortify the system after exposure to the conditions which produce them. Cold, damp and miasma are surely counteracted by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. After you have incurred risk from these influences, a wineglassful or two of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters directly afterward should be swallowed. For malaria, dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney and bladder trouble, nervousness and debility it is the most deservedly popular of remedies and preventives. A wineglassful before meals promotes appetite.

B. & B.

New!

Yes, 'tis a bit early, but why not have advantage of early choice in handsomest assortments of elegant foreign

Dress Goods

ever presented this early in the season.

NEW

Foreign Suitings.

two hundred styles or more this week with price range

50c. to $2.25,

will give you early choice of the new—we'll be glad to send samples any distance, and you've the assurance of getting the very latest.

Brown and black and green and black CHECKS, WAFFLE WEAVES and MIXTURES are among the most fashionable in both color combinations and designs. You may just know what they like for the asking.

Still some elegant values being sacrificed to make room for the new comers; lots of 25c. AND 50c.

Dress Goods and Suitings,

many of them dark enough for Fall, thrown away as to price,

15c. a Yard.

Other fine imported

DRESS GOODS and SUITINGS,

$1.00 to $1.50 values, going at

25c., 50c. and 75c.

Every piece proving that neither cost nor loss is taken in consideration.

The handsome and effective

Black Damas and Plain Faille Silks at 65c. and 75c.

are such values as only this department is noted for. New Silks at 50c. to $1.50 show the elegance and style of American and foreign makers' best productions.

Write our Mail Order Department and prove our claim of the best in every line of merchandise at the least cost.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.

Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

K. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE

First National Bank

OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

oct13.95

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers.

Funeral Designs at Short Notice.

ADOLPH STAHL,

NO. 432 MAIN STREET,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

4.12.95.

CANCER and Tumors CURED; no knife; book free. Drs. Gratiaw & Braun, 325 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now CO. A. SCOTT, New York City

NEW LINE OF

FALL GOODS

NOW ON SALE AT

BRADLEYS' CASH STORE,

GALLITZIN, PENNA.

New Dress Goods, New Linings and New Trimmings. Full line of Prints, Muslins and Novelty Goods of all descriptions. Plenty of

Fall Underwear

for Ladies, Men and Children, commencing in price from 17c. for Heavy Weight Ladies' Vest Men's Shirts and Drawers from 25c. up to Finest Made.

New Patterns in Blankets

from 75c. up to $3.50 for all-wool Plaid Blanket.

New Styles in Shoes, Hats—everything—all at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Come in and see our Stock. It is full and Complete.

THOS. BRADLEY'S,

LARGEST DRY GOODS STORE IN TOWN.

I LEAD THE

PROCESSION !

—IN—

High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—at money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on show Our spring stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of this country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

NEW SPRING STYLES.

We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition. We have the largest stock in Northern Cambria and the make-up of our fine goods is equal to custom-made. We have the new Spring Shapes in Hats and our stock of Gents' Furnishings is complete.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, learn prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE

MONUMENTAL : WORKS!



We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—

Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.

Give personal supervision to the manufacture and placement of all orders.

Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the celebrated Champion Iron Fence.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

EBENSBURG, PA.

ABOUT SPONGES.

The drugstore kind of Sponges are the fibrous skeletons of sub sea animals—"plants" they used to call them, so like vegetation is their growth. When found they are unsightly, pulpy-looking things and have to go through a number of processes before they are ready for the market. There are many points about Sponges that the customer or his dealer should look out for.

We are posted and have made a very careful selection for our trade.

DAVISON'S DRUG STORE.

mch5.95

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Bonet in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,

5.31.95 Formerly of Carrolltown.

It Pays to Advertise.

...ria Freeman.

...BURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1895.

...AL AND PERSONAL.

—At court this week William J. McConnell, James Gallaher and Thomas W. Hughes were appointed viewers to report on a proposed county bridge near O'Hara's mill in Munster township.

—Mr. James Gant, the barber, who sold out his establishment in this place about two weeks ago, has bought out a shop in Butler, Pa., where he intends opening up about the 10th of next month.

—A fire, which is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion, damaged the Williamsport Furniture company's plant in that city on Tuesday night to the extent of between $40,000 and $50,-000.

—A meeting of the citizens of Bedford county will be held at the court house at Bedford next Monday evening to form a historical society. It would be a good idea for Cambria county citizens to follow their example.

—Mr. Jacob Yeckley, of Gallitzin, was in town on Thursday of last week accompanied by the Gallitzin cornet band. They were boosting Mr. Yeckley as a candidate for county treasurer on the Republican ticket next year.

—About one hundred members of the Pennsylvania Canal Boatmen's Association attended the reunion held at Freeport, Armstrong county, on Tuesday. The association adjourned to meet at Ninevah, the last Tuesday in August, 1896.

—The *Gosling* says the stories that other persons besides W. R. Thompson edit, etc., that paper have been put in circulation for the purpose of injuring that paper. The insinuation is rather rough on the "other persons," but the editor has a right to his opinion.

—The barn of John Wires, in Brush Valley township, Indiana county, caught fire in some mysterious manner one morning last week and was burned to the ground. It contained this year's harvest and a lot of farming implements. Two horses were also roasted to death.

—Mr. Francis Hoover, who has been a resident of the vicinity of Hastings for forty odd years and witnessed the many changes that have taken place in the transformation of the wilderness to a thriving town, was a visitor to the FREEMAN office on Monday.

—Governor Hastings has selected a representative farmer from each of the twenty-eight congressional districts of the state to represent Pennsylvania at the National Farmers' congress to be held at Atlanta, Ga., in October. Mr. J. S. Biddle, of Woodbury, Bedford county, will represent this district.

—Boniface Strittmatter, a young brother of Alex Strittmatter, has invented a novel contrivance which he has attached to a clock in his bedroom, which at a set time will strike a match, light a lamp and vigorously ring a bell. Anyone who would get ahead of Bonie must wake up in the forenoon.—*Carrolltown News.*

—James C. Darby, James P. McBreen, Andrew Eckenrode, C. L. Goodwin, Blair Short and John O'Toole, Cambria county's delegates to the Democratic state convention to be held at Williamsport September 11, have unanimously agreed to support the Hon. Horace Rose for the nomination of judge of the superior court.

—The fire which raged on Hockenberry run, on land known as the Alexander Hunter tract, consumed about 250,000 feet of logs on J. M. Troxell's log job. This is the second fire that has destroyed much valuable timber on the job, within a few months. The first was an incendiary fire while the last was accidental.—*Coalport Standard.*

—Miss Stella Smith, daughter of John and Bridget Smith, of Dysart, died at her home on Sunday, aged 20 years 3 months and 1 day. She is survived by her parents, two brothers, John A., of Altoona, and Hugh at home, and one sister, Mrs. Mary Schoffner, of Clearfield township. Her remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at St. Augustine on Tuesday.

—Mr. Adolphus Bowser, of Lovely, Bedford county, and Miss Phoebe Nelson, of Portage, were united in the holy bonds of wedlock, at Portage, by 'Squire J. Green, on Tuesday morning. They were attended by Mr. W. J. Jones and Miss Laura Diehl, both of Portage. After a wedding dinner given to the happy young couple, they left for a short wedding tour.

—Mr. M. C. Weakland has built and fitted up at Barnesboro, one of the best adapted houses for the hotel business in Cambria county. It is large, commodious and in all its details planned and fitted for the accomodation of the traveling public and is just such a house as is needed in every town. It is a credit to the owner and one of the best buildings in that fast growing town.

—Farmer Philip Bryan, of Lycoming county, while searching for stray cows in the woods near his farm, was attacked by a bear. Bryan had nothing but a pocket-knife with which to defend himself, but, with this he did such good work that bruin gave up the fight, carrying a portion of the broken knife blade in its head. Bryan was considerably scratched, but not seriously hurt.

—A disastrous wreck occurred near Barree, Huntingdon county, on Saturday night, caused by the breaking of an axle. Fourteen cars heavily loaded with bridge iron and lumber were torn to pieces. S. C. Frank, a brakeman 22 years old was killed. He lived at Harrisburg and was married and had one child. The three tracks were torn up for a distance of about 250 feet, and a number of trains were run round by way of the Philadelphia and Erie and Bald Eagle Valley railroads.

—Some time on Thursday morning of last week, the 4-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Joyce, who reside at Ehrenfeld, walked out through the yard at its home and fell into an outhouse vault in the rear of the house. Dr. J. B. Green, of Summerhill, was hastily sent for, and as he arrived at Mr. Joyce's home the child was just being hoisted out of the vault, but life was extinct. The funeral took place Saturday afternoon, interment being made in the cemetery near Ehrenfeld.

—Rev. Father Phillips, O. S. B., pastor of the Catholic churches at St. Boniface and St. Lawrence, has been transferred to a large congregation in Baltimore. Father Walter, formerly curate in Carrolltown, goes to Baltimore with Father Phillips. Father Constantine will have charge of St. Boniface and St. Lawrence. In noting Father Phillips' transfer the Carrolltown *News* says: "Father Phillips is an energetic, hard working priest, and it is with much regret that his parishioners see him go."

—Harry Clifford, of New York, a printer, aged 19 years, attempted to board a moving freight train a short distance west of Tyrone on Monday afternoon and was thrown to the ground. His right arm was caught by one of the wheels and badly lacerated between the shoulder and elbow and fractured below the elbow. The second toe of the right foot was mangled and the leg badly bruised. The young man was taken to Altoona on Fast Line and taken to the hospital, where the injured toe was amputated.

—E. F. Woodward, tax collector of Dunbar township, Fayette county, was held up by three negroes a few days ago while returning from Uniontown and robbed of $254. Mr. Woodward was dragged from his buggy and beaten into insensibility because of his refusal to hand over his money, and when he recovered he found his horse hitched by the roadside. He succeeded in reaching home, but has been in a precarious condition ever since. The outrage occurred in a strip of woods only a short distance from Uniontown.

—Titian J. Coffee, Esq., of Washington City, who with his family has spent several summers here at Maple Park, one day last week bought eight lots from Barker Brothers and two lots from John T. Davis, on Centre street, in the northern suburbs of the town. Mr. Coffee will at once proceed to contract for the erection of a handsome summer residence, which he will have ready for occupancy next season.

—The Spangler *Sentinel* says that Mr. Robert McCombie, of Carroll township, celebrated his 87th birthday last week, and that, although so far advanced in years, he is remarkably well-preserved and possesses the energies of a man at 50. Last week he made his annual visit to his brother, who lives at Dysert, nineteen miles distant from his home. On these trips he refuses to go by rail or conveyances, preferring to walk.

—Frank G. Patton, ex-cashier of the Coalport bank, but now of Curwensville, was a passenger on mail on Wednesday of last week. He was on his way home from the east. While the train was passing Mapleton, some miscreant threw a stone in the window and it struck Mr. Patton's arm. The missile struck his crazy bone, causing great pain. Mr. Patton feared his arm was broken. When the train arrived at Altoona he had his injury examined by Dr. S. M. Ross. It was found to be only a contusion.

—The Till Family Concert Company will give one of their charming concerts at the Opera House in Ebensburg on Friday evening, September 6th. They will give delightful and artistic renditions of charming music on what is called the "Rock Harmonicon," constructed of pieces of stone of various sizes; besides other instrumental and vocal music. Every place the company has appeared the attendance has been large and the audience is always pleased with the performance. Tickets for sale at James' drug store.

—A meeting of the creditors, depositors and stockholders of the Bank of DuBois was held on Saturday last and matters were arranged whereby the creditors are to be paid dollar for dollar. James E. Long, M. W. Wise, P. S. Weber and L. A. Brady will convey and assign over certain properties for the benefit of creditors. Hugh McCullough has been selected to dispose of the property thus handed over which will net 50 per cent. of all claims within the next two months, and eventually the other 50 per cent. will be paid.

—Between 1 and 2 Monday morning while two railroad men, Glover Harrison, of Fort Wayne, and George Lost, of Bucyrus, O., were making their way East in search of work on a Pennsylvania railroad freight train, they were set upon by four tramps near Johnstown. Two of the tramps were armed with revolvers and forced the railroaders to deliver up their money and valuables. Harrison resisted and was struck with a revolver and thrown from the moving train. He was picked up by a passing freight crew and taken to Johnstown, where he was attended by a company physician.

—Mr. James Cain, a well-known citizen of Carroll township, died suddenly at his home on Friday evening of last week. He had been enjoying his usual good health up until a few minutes before his death. He had been working about his farm during the day and about 6 o'clock was sitting on a sofa waiting to be called to supper when he suddenly threw up his hands and expired. His remains were interred in St. Benedict's cemetery at Carrolltown on Monday. Mr. Cain is survived by seven children, viz: Maggie, Tillie, Mary and Jane, all single and at home; James, of Hooversville, Somerset county, Pa., Michael, of Baltimore, and John, at home.

—The convention of Cambria county Populists will meet in the Gallitzin opera house at 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning, September 10th, to nominate a county ticket. Each voting precinct in the county will be entitled to two delegates, and each Knights of Labor assembly, Union of United Mine Workers, Liberty league, or other industrial or farmers' organization favorable to the principles of the People's party will be entitled to one representative for each 100 members or fraction thereof, in good standing. All delegates will be required to have credentials signed by the officers of the meeting electing them or by the officers of the organization they represent.

—On last Thursday evening Mrs. Tena Dobson, wife of John W. Dobson, a prominent citizen of Napier township, Bedford county, was severely injured by lightning. Mrs. Dobson was sitting on the porch during a thunder storm, when a bolt of lightning struck the porch near by. The woman fell from her chair and was picked up and carried into the house. It was first supposed that she was dead, but after a few minutes, signs of life were detected and a physician was hastily summoned. Upon his arrival he found the woman had received a severe shock, but he succeeded in restoring consciousness and the indications are how that the lady will fully recover.

—The editor of the *Gosling* is out in an affidavit stating what everyone knew to be a fact, that W. R. Thompson is the editor of that influential organ. It would be much more interesting reading if he made affidavit as to the articles he wrote and those furnished by others. For instance, was it he or "Boo" wrote the powerful article claiming that the "McKinley bill created the fullness in the treasury during Cleveland's first administration?" As to the the concluding portion—"Since that date no other person has owned one dollar's worth of stock in the *Mountaineer*"—it was unnecessary. The *Gosling* is not a stock concern. The men who antied up did not want stock. The affidavit should have concluded with the usual formula, "and further saith not."

May Result Fatally.

A terrible accident occurred on Saturday to Henry, the 15-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Spangler, who reside four miles east of Buckstown, Somerset county. The lad, with another young man, was out hunting, when they sighted a squirrel in a tree. Young Spangler leveled his gun and pulled the trigger, but only the cap snapped. He set the gun down to re-cap, when his companion fired on the squirrel. About the same time young Spangler's gun was accidentally discharged, the whole load of shot taking effect in his face, going in under the chin near the root of his tongue and passing out through his upper jaw and nose.

Dr. J. H. Gardner, of Stoyestown, was sent for, and upon examination found the lower jaw so badly shattered that he had to remove the whole front part of the bone extending back to the last two teeth on each side; beside the lad's tongue was cut to such an extent that about an inch and a half of it had to be amputated. The upper jaw was also shattered, so much so that after the mangled portions of it were removed but three teeth remained.

Here's a Nice Egg Problem.

Some mighty intellects in Germantown, says the Philadelphia *Record*, are now wrestling with the following problem. It is not very difficult of solution, but has already been the cause of considerable profanity these warm days out in that peaceful suburb: A woman took a basket of eggs to the city for sale. Upon being asked how many she had she replied: "If I take the eggs out of the basket two at a time I have one left. If I take them out five at a time I have one left. If I take them out six at a time I have one egg left; if I take them out seven at a time I have none left in the basket." How many eggs had she in the basket?

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

At eleven o'clock this (Thursday) night the jury in the case of the commonwealth vs. Christ H. Block for the murder of William A. Strayer, mentioned in our court proceedings as being on trial, returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter. The defendant, who had been out on bail, was then remanded to jail for sentence.

Court Proceedings.

Court met on Monday morning at 10 o'clock with Judge Barker on the bench.

The following cases were disposed of:

Commonwealth vs. Charles Grumbling, fornication and bastardy. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $20, $30 lying-in expenses and $1 a week for seven years.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas McClarren, fornication. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Maneer, larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and six months in county jail.

Commonwealth vs. William H. Varner, desertion. Defendant sentenced to pay the costs and enter into recognizance in sum of $100.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Plummer, surety of the peace. Defendant discharged on payment of costs.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Gilmore, surety of the peace. Defendant sentenced to pay the costs and enter bail in $100 to keep the peace.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Milot, surety of the peace. Cost divided between the defendant and Jeanette Mawry, the prosecutrix.

Commonwealth vs. William Cook, assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Mike Sato and Mary Rutki, adultry. Jury find defendants guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Annie Hull, larceny by bailee. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Edward McHugh, aggravated assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $30, costs and imprisonment in county jail for six months.

Commonwealth vs. George H. Brown, assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $10, costs and three months in jail.

Commonwealth vs. Robert O'Grady, perjury. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Given, assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs.

Commonwealth vs. Robert Lloy, fornication and bastardy. Jury find defendant guilty of fornication. Sentened to pay a fine of $100 and costs.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Christ H. Block, of Dale borough, for the murder of William A. Strayer while attempting to arrest him, is now on trial. A. V. Dively, Esq., of Altoona, is engaged with District Attorney Murphy for the prosecution. Block's attorneys are F. J. O'Connor and F. P. Martin, Esqrs., of Johnstown.

Real Estate Transfers.

Executors of John Walter to Jeremiah Walter, Richland, consideration, $8,000.

Christian Bomgardner et ux. to Wilmore Coal Company, Richland, $3,100.

Michael Thomas et ux. to John Semmelsberger, Elder, $75.

Bernhard Selig et ux. to Elizabeth Louther, Johnstown, $6,000.

Albert Rhoa et ux. to Emmil Doughtry, Chest $250.

Margaret Plouse et vir to William Edmiston, Barnesboro, $100.

Richard Ivory et ux. Augustin Mulligan, Patton, $100.

Thomas Barnes et ux. to Peter Kulikosski, North Barnesboro, $125.

Ludwig Deiner to Greek Catholic church, Johnstown, $1,000.

Peter A. Daniels to George E. Daniels, East Taylor, $277.

Abraham Fyock et ux. to Joseph Penatzer, Richland, $1,850.

J. L. Spangler et ux. to James McNeelis, Hastings, $150.

Francis J. Byrne et ux. to Mary Jancout, Susquehanna, $40.

W. Horace Rose et ux. to Harry A. Shaffer, Johnstown, $650.

Levi W. Weakland et ux. to John J. Weakland, Carroll, $1.

John J. Weakland to John S. Weakland, Carroll, $300.

Sheriff of Cambria county to Bernard Selig, Johnstown, $5,050.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, Sept. 6, 1895:

Bert Jackson, Barr township, and Erma Powell, Carroll township.

Henry Kiber, Elder township, and Annie Schrift, Croyle township.

John M. Boley, Loretto, and Annie M. Duffy, Bennington Furnace, Blair county, Pa.

James P. Burns and Elizabeth White, Johnstown.

George W. Smith and Jennie Pergrin, Franklin.

Frank B. Smay and Agnes C. Nitter, Johnstown.

Joseph W. Kane, Altoona, and Ella McGough, Clearfield township.

Charles Franklin McCreery, Derry, Pa., and Celia Craver, Susquehanna township.

Adolphus Bowser, Lovely, Bedford county, Pa., and Phoebe Milsom, Portage.

Taylor Bracken and Rosie Miller, Johnstown.

William R. Keith, Kipple, Blair county, Pa., and Mary B. Edmiston, Figart.

John Clurilla and Mary Kovach, Johnstown.

Jacob Grosch, Johnstown, and Agnes M. Nees, Richland township.

Railroad News.

The Pittsburg & Eastern railroad it now appears will go through Saltsburg. Indiana county, the right of way having been granted through the old cemetery at that place, the railroad company giving bond for the payment of costs, the purchase of lots, and the removal of the dead to a new resting place in another cemetery. As a consequence of the definite indication of the route a movment is being made by the Pennsylvania railroad company and on Monday Engineer Martin with his corps, who have been working in Bedford county, was transferred to the vicinity of Vintondale, and is now at work running lines which it is surmised will put the latter company in possession of all the advantageous points to be had in the construction of a railroad between Vintondale and Saltsburg, along the Blacklick.

That there will be lively times before long goes without saying, as the Pittsburg & Eastern seems bent on getting into the Blacklick coal field by a line from Saltsburg up the Blacklick and thence across the western end of Cambria until it strikes the Beech creek.

Shot in the Neck.

The usual ending to a dangerous pastime occurred in Morrellville Thursday afternoon. Frank Hoge, son of Mr. Thomas Hoge, of 75 Barron avenue, and a son of Mr. Thompson got hold of a 22 calibre revolver in some manner and were playing with it on the green near their home when young Thompson accidentally discharged the weapon, the ball entering young Hoge's neck at the Adam's apple and close to the windpipe. Dr. Fichtner was called and attended to the lad's injury. Although the doctor found quite a hole in the boy's neck, no trace whatever of the ball could be found. Young Hoge experiences no trouble from his wound, and will probably be all right again in a few days. It was a close call, however.—*Morrellville Journal.*

—On account of the light hay crop throughout Western Pennsylvania an extra large crop of buckwheat was sowed. Saturday and Sunday night's frosts, however, have almost destroyed the entire crop, as well as badly damaging the late corn crop.

Miscellaneous Notices.

ONE new Champion Mowing Machine for sale cheap at Dutton's. 7.14

A FEW bundles of Manilla Binding Twine, 5 cents a pound at Dutton's. may3

A GOOD lot Copper Kettles (30 to 40 gallons) and Apple Pealers just received at sep6.4t G. HUNTLEY'S.

FOR RENT.—A new room nicely furnished and suitabe for almost any kind of business. Formerly used as an ice cream parlor. Inquire of M. D. BEAKER. sep6

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg Pa. mch22

A FINE line of Single and Double Barrel Shot Guns, Winchester Rifles, Revolvers, Powder, Shot, Shells, etc., just received at sep6.4t G. HUNTLEY'S.

LOCAL MANAGERS.—$60 per month salary and expenses; no canvassing; particulars free. (Men or women.) The National Company, 501 Ferguson Block, Pittsburg, Pa. sep6.2t

A MACKINTOSH Coat was lost on Tuesday of last week between Ebensburg and Loretto. The finder will please leave it at White's Mill or at the FREEMAN office in Ebensburg.

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

FOR SALE.
The McDonald homestead, 14 rooms, with cellar. A fine summer residence. Apply to DR. J. A. DOERNER, may17 Cumberland, Md.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in September, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

OPENING of the Oyster Season at McBreen's. The Oyster season will be opened up at McBreen's Restaurant, Ebensburg, on Tuesday evening next, when the finest fresh Oysters in the market can be had to order, stewed, fried or raw. McBreen always keeps the finest oysters, and will continue to do so the coming season 8.30

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

BY virtue of an *alias* order issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the storeroom of J. W. Sharbaugh, in the borough of Carrolltown, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 28, 1895,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable real estate, to wit:

No. 1.—A lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 54 feet on Main street, and extending back 150 feet along Carroll street to an alley, having thereon erected a TWO-STORY FRAME STORE ROOM 25 by 80 feet, with an additional wareroom 25 by 46 feet, and a TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE attached to said store-room.

No. 2. A lot of ground situate in Carrolltown borough, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 50 feet on Main street, and extending back 150 feet to an alley, bounded on the north by lot of Mrs. Siberia, and on the south by No. 1, having thereon erected a TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING 28 by 30 feet, and necessary outbuildings.

No. 3.—A lot of ground situate in the borough of Carrolltown Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 25 feet on Carroll street on the south and extending back 100 feet to an alley, and lot on which is erected the Borough Council Chamber on the east, and an alley on the west, having erected a LARGE WAGON SHED.

No. 4. A lot of Ground situate in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 50 feet on alley, and extending back 104 feet; Waltz property on the north, lot of H. E. Bender on the east, and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a LIVERY STABLE 42 by 65 feet now occupied by E. W. Sharbaugh.

No. 5.—A lot of ground in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 50 feet on Carroll street and extending back 100 feet to an alley, having lot of Catharine McAnulty on the east, and lot on which the Borough Council Chamber on the west, and having thereon erected a LARGE STABLE.

No. 6.—A lot ground in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 50 feet on Lehmler street, and extending back 100 feet to No. 4, bounded on the north by the Waltz property, and on the south by lot of H. E. Bender

No 7.—All that certain piece of ground in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded as follows: Beginning at a post on alley, thence south 86½ degrees east 17½ perches to a post and corner of lot formerly of John Wetsel; thence south 2½ degrees west by land formerly of John Wetsel 38½ perches to a post corner of lot of John E. Maucher; thence north 86½ degrees west 17¾ perches to lot of Lawrence Schroth to a post on alley; thence north 3½ degrees east along said alley 38½ perches to a post and place of beginning, containing FOUR ACRES and allowance.

No. 8.—All the undivided half interest of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Patton, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, beginning at a post, thence by land of Paul Short south 80 degrees east 670 feet to a post, thence by the Cambria & Clearfield railroad south 6½ degrees west 420 feet to a post, thence by land of John Overberger north 65 degrees east 878 feet to a post, thence by the public road from Carrolltown to Patton north 25 degrees east 43½ feet to a post; thence by land of Joseph Gauntner south 65 degrees east 150 feet to a post; thence by same land north 80 degrees west 76 feet to the place of beginning, containing 4 ACRES AND 150 PERCHES. Reserving and excepting, however, out of the said land a strip of ground sold and conveyed by John W. Sharbaugh et ux. and Helena Mellon to the Cambria & Clearfield Railroad Company.

No. 9.—All the coal in, under and upon all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Barr township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post at corner of land of heirs of Vincent Bloomer; thence along said land and land of John Feicht north 2 degrees east 166 perches to a post at line of F. G. Snyder; thence by said land south 87½ degrees east 20½ perches to land of (formerly) W. E. Peterson; thence by said land south 1 degree west 166 perches to a post; thence north 88 degrees west 20 3-10 perches to a post and place of beginning, containing 17 ACRES, more or less. Reserving unto Wm. D. McAnulty, his heirs and assigns the right to bore for oil, or to mine for the minerals through the said coal; also, the parties reserve the right to mine coal for domestic purposes for themselves, and their heirs, free of charge, together with the right to enter, mine and take away all the coal, and to make such openings, shafts, chutes and dumps, improvements roads and railroads on the land as in the judgment of the party of the second part, his heirs or assigns, may be necessary to conveniently mine the same, and transport such coal and other freight through and over said lands free of charge, hindrance or litigation.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale; one third in six months, and one third in twelve months from confirmation of sale. Deferred payments bear interest and to be secured by the judgment bond of the purchaser.

C. A. SHARABAUGH,
Sept. 6 1895 Assignee of J. W. Sharbaugh.

SILVEUS & CARTER, Attorneys at Law, 190 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg.—In re petition of Albion Weigel for satisfaction of mortgage, No. 24, October term, 1895, Common Pleas Court No. 2, Allegheny county, Pa. To all parties whom it may concern: Take notice that at the above number and term Albion Weigel presented his petition to the said court, stating that he was the owner of a lot of ground situate in the borough of Homestead, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: All that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in the borough of Homestead, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, being marked and numbered as lot No. 40, in R. M. Kennedy's sub-division of lots Nos. 783, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Company's plan, as recorded in Plan Book Vol. 5, pages 290-1, which sub-division is recorded in Plan Book Vol. 6, page 229 in the Recorder's Office of Allegheny county, and beginning on the northerly side of Fifteenth avenue, at the distance of 247 99-100 feet westwardly from the western line of Sarah street; thence westwardly along Fifteenth avenue 25 feet to the dividing line between lots Nos. 40 and 41; thence northwardly along said dividing line 110 feet to southerly side of Pine alley; thence eastwardly along said alley and parallel with Fifteenth avenue 25 feet to the dividing line between lots Nos. 39 and 40, thence southwardly along said dividing line 110 feet to Fifteenth avenue, at the place of beginning. See deed recorded in Deed Book Vol. 542, page 432, etc., Recorder's Office, Allegheny county, Pa. That there is a mortgage upon said property made by Albion Weight to the Freehold Bank of Pittsburg Pa., dated August 9, 1886, and recorded the same day in Mortgage Book Vol. 379, page 133, etc., for $150.00 payable in three equal annual installments from the date thereof. That on August 25, 1888, he paid to the said Freehold Bank, Pittsburg, Pa., $100.00 of the principal of said mortgage and all interest due thereon until August 9, 1888, at which date said bank, by its cashier, assigned the balance of said mortgage to J. P. Hall, as appears by reference to margin of the record of said mortgage. That the said J. P. Hall is now deceased, having died in Cambria county, Pa.; that no administration has been raised on his estate and the whereabouts of his heirs or next of kin are unknown to the petitioner. That the balance due on said morgage was paid to said J. P. Hall in his lifetime and that the mortgage remains unsatisfied upon the record, and asking the Court to direct that satisfaction be entered by the Recorder of Allegheny county, Pa., whereupon a rule was granted upon all parties in interest to show cause why same should not be done, returnable to next term. You are hereby notified and required to appear at the next term of said Court and answer the petition aforesaid.

JAMES P. RICHARDS,
Sheriff of Allegheny county, Pa.
Sept. 6, 1895 4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Philip Noel, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of Philip Noel, deceased, late of Munster township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all parties indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
Lock Box 242. V. H. NOEL.
Altoona, Pa., Sept. 6, 1895.X

DENTISTRY.

Do you know we are taking out teeth every day without one particle of pain?

Well, we are doing this very thing with "Odontunder," the only local anæsthetic that has stood the test and to-day it is the only one that is used universally by dentists who are up to date in their calling.

The price for "Odontunder" when painless is 50 cents, but if you experience the least pain, we only charge you the usual price, 25 cents.

How about those teeth that need filling? Well, you say they don't ache. That's just the reason why you should have them filled now. After they have ached once you will probably have to have the nerve killed and the tooth treated if you are desirious of saving it. I only charge 50 cents for amalgum fillings and from $1.00 up for gold fillings. These are hard-time prices but they go just the same. Why procrastinate?—that's a big word but it's a good one right here because procrastination means to the patient loss of sleep, neuralgia, ear-ache, tooth-ache and goodness knows what else. We know of a good many young ladies of our acquaintance who would have been married long ago if it hadn't been for those horrid-looking teeth. Remember, to every patient having teeth filled I give a box of Dr. Richards' tooth powder and full instructions for the care of the teeth. On the 13th of each month I will extract teeth free of charge. You say why on the 13th. Well, now, that's my business. All you have to do is to come. Remember I won't take out your good teeth, because I don't believe in it. Then you say suppose the 13th falls on Sunday. Come right along and we will be only too glad to relieve you of the offending member.

T. M. RICHARDS, D. D. S.,
JULIAN STREET.
jn7.14

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,

Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
oct18.89ly. PITTSBURG, PA.

S. L. REED. MATTHEW R. A. R.
REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28.93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch7-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA.
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware. Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON,

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

ma92 20ly

Announcement!

We the undersigned, wish to announce to the public and our patrons that we will conduct our business on a

Strictly Cash Basis

on and after Sept. 1, 1895,

and that on and after that date it will be impossible for us to extend any credit.

This will enable us to work at a closer margin and smaller profit, and will be an advantage to our customers as well as to ourselves. Asking you for a continuance of your patronage in the future, as in the past, we remain

Yours Truly,
LUTHER & WILLIAMS.
aug16 8t

PERSONS TO TRAVEL.

WANTED.—Several faithful gentlemen and ladies to travel for established house.

Salary, $780.00 and Expenses.

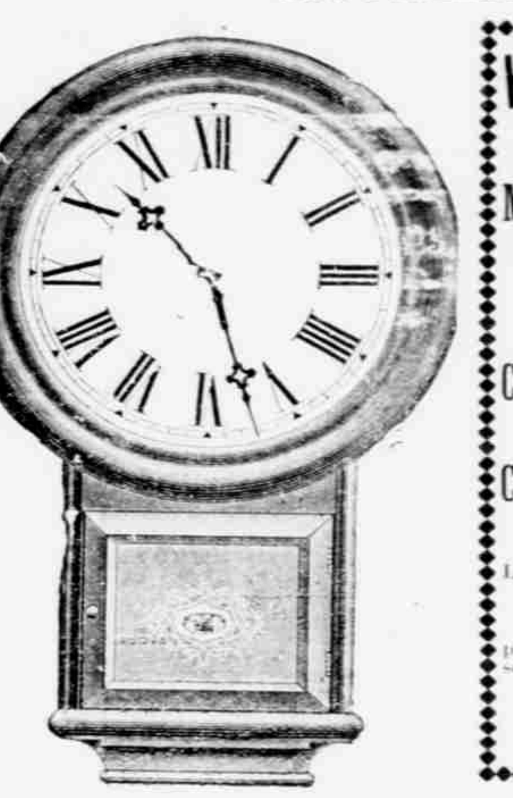
Position permanent if suited; also increase. State reference and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope.

THE NATIONAL,
316-317-318 Omaha Building, CHICAGO.
aug9 6m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Michael Harkey, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Michael Harkey, late of the township of Clearfield, county of Cambria, deceased, having been granted to me, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to seid estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
DENNIS CAWLEY,
Clearfield Twp., Aug. 30, 1895.X Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration in the estate of Miles Ivory, late of Clearfield township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
LUKE BEHE,
Administrator of Miles Ivory, deceased.
St. Augustine, Pa., Sept 6, 1895.

CARL RIVINIUS,
—PRACTICAL—
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
—AND—
OPTICAL GOODS.
SOLE AGENT FOR THE
CELEBRATED ROCKFORD
WATCHES.
Columbia and Fredonia Watches
In Key and Stem Winders.
LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.
My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.
All work guaranteed.
CARL RIVINIUS.

FARMERS!
TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,
PROPRIETOR.

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL
Pittsburg Exposition
OPENS
Wednesday, September 4, 1895,
CLOSES
Saturday, October 19, 1895.
UNSURPASSED ATTRARTIONS!
GILMORE'S WORLD RENOWNED BAND, Victor Herbert, Dictator,
Will appear until Sept. 14 in Popular Concerts Daily.
To be followed by
CONTERNO'S NINTH REGIMENT BAND, of Brooklyn, and INNES' FAMOUS NEW YORK BAND.
$10,000.00 PLEASURE RAILWAY,
The Finest in the State—just completed.
Magnificent Art Gallery, by foremost American Artists.
Display of MECHANICAL INVENTIONS
Never equaled in the history of Expositions.
AGRICULTURAL AND DAIRY MACHINERY IN FULL OPERATION.
Special Days Each Week.
Excursions on all Railroads.
ADMISSION, 25C. CHILDREN, 15C.
"THE PLACE FOR THE PEOPLE."
The Restaurant will be under the management of W. S. Porter, thoroughly first-class in every particular and popular prices charged. [8.6.4t]



There is a Reason
Why some Stoves and Ranges are better than others; good material, careful construction, and a knowledge of the wants of the housekeeper are all necessary to make the kitchen stove a success.
The Cinderella Stoves and Ranges
are made to meet every requirement; they are even bakers and perfect roasters.
Special attention is paid to cleanliness, economy and durability.
Made in all styles and sizes, with a view of suiting the most critical at a moderate cost.
"None Better—Few as Good."
Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—L. E. Benner. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. [feb22.95]

IT WILL PAY YOU
To go to QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.
JAMES QUINN.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Michael Donovan, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Michael Donovan, late of the borough of Ebensburg, deceased, having been granted to me, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present the same properly authenticated for settlement.
MICHAEL F. FARREN,
Executor of Michael Donovan, deceased.
Ebensburg, Pa., August 9, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that Winfield Scott Conter has filed in the office of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county his petetion asking for the transfer of the liquor license granted to Philip Hopfer by said Court in the borough of Portage, and that the same will be presented to the said Court for its it consideration on Monday, September 9th, 1895.
J. C. DARBY,
Aug. 23, 1895. Clerk of Quarter Sessions.

FOR SALE!

The stock of a general store in a near-by growing town, on railroad, with mining and other works, in a good location, low rent; the stock new fresh and clean. Inquire at this office, or address General Store, care of FREEMAN.

TRIAL LIST.
List of causes set down for trial the second week of September Term, 1895.
Stiffler vs. The Farmers' Supply Co.
Miller vs. Cronauer.
King vs. Wissinger.
Cresson Coal & Coal Co. vs. Stiles et al.
Miller vs. Overdorff.
Bantz vs. Cambria Iron Company.
Fearl vs. Clark.
Fox et al. vs. Fox et al.
Porch vs. Porch.
Davis vs. Krebbs.
Kreuger vs. Boyle.
Wayne vs. Fisher.
Notley vs. Westover.
Seese vs. Aurora Fire Ins. Co.
Shoemaker, Admr., vs. Tri County Agrl. Assn.
Rougher & Good vs. Anderson.
Ross vs. Brenner.
Simmons vs. Burns.
Boggs & Buhl vs. Campbell.
McCoy vs. Conter.
Buen vs. Condrin.
Braddock Natl. Bank vs. Gill.
Meszkes vs. Delozier.
McCarry vs. McGarry.
J. C. DARBY,
Aug. 9, 1895. Prothonotary

RESERVE SAVED AGAIN

The Bond Syndicate Deposits $2,000,000 More of Gold.

$1,100,000 SENT TO EUROPE TODAY

Feeling In Financial Circles Serene and Hopeful Notwithstanding the Continued Shipments—Movement of Crops to Europe Expected to Stop Gold Outflow.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—It is quite evident that the Morgan-Belmont syndicate expects another large drain on the sub-treasury this week. The Farmers' Loan and Trust company has deposited $2,000,000 in the sub-treasury. No explanation of the deposit was made, but it was generally known that it was for the account of the bond syndicate and the belief was confirmed later by Washington advices.

This is the second financial institution to come to the aid of the syndicate. The first was the American Exchange National bank, which deposited $500,000 about a week ago. At that time it was said that a number of national banks and financial institutions, which had been members of the bond syndicate, had agreed to aid Messrs. Morgan & Belmont in their effort to keep to the spirit of the contract with the government to maintain the gold reserve against exports in every way in their power. The deposit, while it is not included in the net gold reserve, will, if necessary, maintain the reserve above $100,000,000. The reserve is a trifle in excess of $101,000,000.

The first withdrawal of the week and month was made by Nesslage & Fuller, who notified the treasury officials that they would ship $100,000 in gold on an outgoing steamship today. Later Hoskier, Wood & Co. announced that they would require $1,000,000 in gold for shipment today, making a total of $1,100,000 ordered.

Notwithstanding the continued gold shipments the feeling in financial circles concerning the outlook is serene and hopeful. The possibility of the $100,000,000 being encroached upon as soon as the bond syndicate failed to continue to pour gold into the sub treasury does not yet seem to be considered. This is due almost entirely to the expectation that the movement of crops to Europe will, before long, cause a plentiful supply of commercial bills to be in circulation, and of necessity lower the rate of exchange to a figure which would practically prohibit the shipment of gold.

U. S. TREASURY'S CONDITION.

Comparative Statement of Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The official comparative statement of government receipts and expenditures for the current fiscal year to date and for August has been issued from the treasury.

It shows the receipts for the two months of the fiscal year to have been $58,022,393, against $75,226,945 for the corresponding months of the last fiscal year. Expenditures for the like period of $71,136,248, against $68,305,219 for the last fiscal year.

The receipts show a gain in customs as compared with the two months of the last fiscal year of more than $9,000,000, due almost wholly to the duty collected on imported sugar. In internal revenue a decrease of $27,000,000 is noted, caused by the heavy withdrawals of spirits from bond during July and August, 1894, to escape the increased tax put on by the new tariff bill.

In expenditures an increase of $2,000,000 on the war account is shown as compared with the two months of the last fiscal year, $1,500,000 on the Indian account, nearly a million on the pension account and $1,250,000 on the interest account, due to the several new bond issues aggregating $162,400. A saving of nearly $1,000,000 is shown this year over last in the navy account and nearly $2,000,000 in the civil and miscellaneous account.

For August the receipts were $28,952,696 and the expenditures $32,588,184, leaving the deficit for the month $3,635,488.

The treasury deficit for the fiscal year is stated at $13,113,854. Last year for a like period receipts had exceeded the expenditures $6,921,726.

Gertrude Vanderbilt Engaged.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 4.—The engagement of Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, daughter of Cornelius Vanderbilt, and Mr. Moses Taylor, though not formally announced, is now conceded by their friends. The great fortune of Miss Vanderbilt is almost matched by the millions of Mr. Taylor. He is the second son of Henry A. C. Taylor, and his inheritance came from his grandfather, Moses Taylor, one of the most successful and respected of the old-time merchants.

True State of the Reserve.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—A telegram to the treasury department announces the withdrawal of $1,100,000 in gold for export, which leave the true amount of the gold reserve $99,220,858. The treasury officials have received no advices confirming the report that the syndicate has deposited $2,000,000 in New York.

Fought a Double Duel.

MIDDLESBOROUGH, Ky., Sept. 4.—A double duel has been fought 20 miles from here, in Union county, Tenn., between Lum and Frank Hamilton and John and Henry McCrary. The parties fell out over some lumber, and agree to meet and settle according to the code duello. Twenty-six shots were fired in all, and each was wounded, but none will die.

Japan Contracts For Warships.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—It is stated that the Japanese government has contracted with a shipbuilding firm at Glasgow for the construction of two warships, the cost of which will be nearly [illegible]

The Medico-Legal Congress.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The Medico-Legal congress, which convened in this city today, has attracted a great number of leading scientists, lawyers and physicians, not only from this country, but from Europe.

Canal to Be Opened Monday.

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., Sept. 4.—The public opening of the Canadian ship canal will occur Monday, Sept. 9, word having been received from Ottawa by Superintendent Boyd to that effect.

Money Coined In August.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The coinage executed at the mints of the United States during August amounted to $4,517,600, as follows: Gold, $3,672,200, silver, $748,000; minor coins, $97,400.

One Wreck Victim Dies.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 4.—William H. Pouier of 76 Thomas street, Newark, N. J., who was injured in the Sea Beach railway wreck, at Woodlawn station, has died at Seney hospital.

A Clew to the Dynamiter.

PARIS, Sept. 4.—It is reported that the police have discovered an important clew to the perpetrator of the attempt on the life of Baron Alfonso de Rothschild, on Aug. 24.

Shriners Decide on Cleveland.

NANTASKET BEACH, Sept. 4.—The Mystic Shriners have decided to hold their next meeting in Cleveland, on the third Tuesday in June, 1896.

A RICH WOMAN POISONED.

Her Daughter Arrested Charged With the Crime In New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The funeral of Mrs. Evalina Bliss, a wealthy lady who died last Friday, has been held in this city. Immediately afterward the daughter of the dead woman, Mrs. Alice Fleming, was arrested at the Colonial hotel on a charge that she murdered her mother by poison. The case is a mysterious, and in some respects, a sensational one, as the death of Mrs. Bliss gives to her daughter the income from an estate of $300,000 left by Robert Swift Livingstone, who was the first husband of Mrs. Bliss. To Dr. Bullman, who was summoned to her bedside Friday night, Mrs. Bliss said that she had been poisoned by relatives who would be financially benefited by her death. She said that she had eaten clam chowder and a piece of apple pie.

The doctor says that Mrs. Bliss' attendants failed to give her the medicines he left for her. He secured the dish in which the chowder had been, and a piece of the pie and gave them to the coroner. The coroner had an examination made of the dead woman's stomach by Chemist W. T. Scheele, who says that he found traces of metallic poison in the stomach, and also in the dish which had contained chowder, and that it had evidently been very skillfully prepared by some one with a knowledge of poison.

THEY NEED A THRASHING.

French In Madagascar Issue Decrees Which Injure Our Trade.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Acting Consul Wetter, at Tamatave, Madagascar, has supplied the department of state a translation of the more important parts of a recent customs decree published there by the French military authorities.

One of the regulations requires that a ship's register, clearance papers and bills of lading shall be deposited at the customs bureau at the same time as the manifest, to remain there until the departure of the vessel. Mr. Wetter says this is so much at variance with his instructions that the arrival of an American merchant man in that port would place the consulate in a most peculiar position. He also calls attention to other provisions of the decree, which he says are at variance with our treaty with Madagascar. Mr. Wetter states that the effect of the regulations will be a loss to the American cotton trade of 25 per cent on cost price, and that the exports to the United States are nearly as heavily encumbered.

CUBANS ATTACK MINERS.

A Pennsylvania Company Operating In Cuba Suffer In Consequence.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—United States Consul Hyatt, located at Santiago de Cuba, in reporting to the state department concerning the Ponupo Mining company, which supplies manganese ore for the American market, gives some further details of an attack upon the miners employed by this company by the Cuban insurrectionists. The company is an American corporation, the principal stockholders residing in Pennsylvania, but the Spanish officers derive a tonnage royalty from the mines.

This fact excited the displeasure of the rebels to such an extent that they fired upon the miners, causing such a stampede that the mine was compelled to close. General Maceo has since promised protection, but it has been impossible to prevail upon the men to return. The company had just shipped its first shipload of 600 tons of ore to Philadelphia, where the demand is so great as to be beyond the supply capacity of this company if allowed to operate. The ore is used in the manufacture of steel.

Coppinger Defends the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—General Coppinger, who had command of the recent military expedition to the Jackson Hole country is in the city and had a conference with Secretary Lamont to which Commissioner of Indian Affairs Browning was invited. "I do not consider the indians were to blame for the Jackson Hole affair," said General Coppinger at the close of the conference. "They are entirely quiet now and have been. In fact they would not say boo to a goose."

Roosevelt Stops the Scheme.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—A rumor was recently published that the subordinates of the city police force were forming an organization to have for its object the raising of a fund of $80,000 to influence members of the next legislature to defeat plans for reorganization of the force. Commissioner Roosevelt has instructed Acting Chief Conlin to notify each captain to read an order to his men forbidding them to contribute to such a fund.

Stole $20,000 Worth of Brass.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—Lawrence Powers and Thomas Causis have been arrested for stealing brass from the L. Wolff Manufacturing company, Lake and Jefferson streets. Powers, who it is claimed, was at the head of the stealing, is reported to have made a confession, in which he acknowledged his thefts extended over a period of five years and amounted to at least $20,000.

Attacked the Exclusion Act.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—Judge Seaman of the federal court attacked the Chinese exclusion act when he discharged from custody the four Chinamen arrested in Detroit for entering the United States, and who were ordered to be deported by Commissioner Graves of that city. Judge Seaman, in discharging ther questioned the constitutionality of the act.

English Comment on Our Prosperity.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—The Chronicle comments upon the increase of emigration to America as pointing to another trade boom there. It is certain, it thinks, that if there is a healthy industrial revival there, there will be no more tariff tinkering one way or another.

Has Two Wives In Ohio.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Sept. 4.—W. J. Whitney is held here on the charge of bigamy. He was arrested at Olney, Ills. He claims to be a traveling detective. Two months ago he came here and married a Miss Fretz of Odon. It is alleged that Whitney has a wife at Toledo and another at Hicksville, O.

Dr. Fraker In Jail at Topeka.

TOPEKA, Sept. 4.—Dr. George W. Fraker, the famous insurance swindler, has arrived here in charge of officers and was immediately put in jail. He expressed himself as thoroughly glad to be near his old home again, but said he was anxious to seek the solace of a cell beyond the stare of the curious.

Frightful Duel Over Hay.

PERRY, O. T., Sept. 4.—Thirty miles north of here, in Kay county, William Knapp and U. S. Oller fought over some hay. Oller cut Knapp badly with an ax and Knapp broke both of Oller's arms and stuck a pitchfork through his abdomen. Oller is dead and Knapp cannot live. Both men are well-to-do farmers.

University of Cincinnati Favored.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 4.—The council of the American Association for the Advancement of Science has taken an important step by adopting resolutions favoring the selection of the University of Cincinnati as the location of its library of many thousand volumes.

Scared Over the Cholera.

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 4.—The prevalence of cholera in Honolulu and in the Orient has created a scare here. The local board of health is already adopting stringent measures to repel its invasion.

A JUDAS ACT BY TURKS

They Offer Armenians Money, If Cleared of the Massacre.

RELIEF DISTRIBUTION DELAYED.

The Turks, Angry Because the Armenians Refused Their Offer, Obstructed Foreign Aid—Atrocities Still Continue A Girl Abused and a Youth Killed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The following statement has just been received by a gentleman in this city from responsible persons in Turkey, fully cognizant of the facts:

"Some time ago a movement was made on the part of the Turks to send aid to the victims of their barbarity at Sassoun. A gift of £2,000 was reported and a committee was organized to see to its distribution. Small sums were offered to the people on condition that they would sign receipts in the nature of thanks for the generosity thus manifested, at the same time certifying that it was not the soldiers of the sultan who injured them, but only a little row that had occurred between them and the Kurds. Naturally they declined the proferred aid on such conditions. Here was the government that with fire and sword, and with almost unprecedented and fiendish atrocity had utterly wasted their homes, coming and offering a paltry dollar a head to the survivors who are on the ground, as proof of their gracious sovereign charitable regard for them, while they could go among their moslem neighbors and identify property worth many times this sum as that which had been wrested from them, while it would be easy for the government itself to collect and return from among the more distant Kurdish nomads nearly the whole amount they had lost.

"In the meantime, English men and women had collected for their fellow Christians some efficient aid. When the government learned of this, and that agents were coming to distribute this money, officials began to say, if these people will not accept our aid, why should we allow others to come in and help them? Influential friends of the sufferers finally persuaded the government to modify their demands to the extent of accepting simply a receipt for funds received, and then the people were with difficulty persuaded to receive the proffered aid. However, the amount that they have been called upon to receipt for up to the present time, has not been sufficient to prove burdensome. Of the £2,000, only £400 has materialized, and 9 mejils (nearly £2) per day goes for salaries of the commission.

"When agents were appointed by the British ambassador to distribute the funds from abroad, it was with some difficulty that permission was secured to enter the devastated region, where some 5,000 survivors had already gone to sow their fields with a sort of millet that matures in a few weeks from the time it is sown, oxen having been generously loaned them by the poor villagers of the Moorish plain. The services of the existing Turkish committee were offered to distribute these contributions, but finally this point was apparently waived, and they were allowed to locate themselves at the village of Semal. They attempted to repair the houses of the Armenians, damaged during the massacre, but the Turks would not allow it.

"The general condition of the country is getting worse. The Christians are having a hard time in harvest. They are in danger of their lives. It is usual for them to remain in the fields during harvest. Now they dare not. The women usually carry food to the fields for the workers. Now they are afraid to do so. The other day, about two hours from here, a girl carrying food to the fields for the workmen was set upon by three young Turks and foully and brutally treated. A row followed, and two or three Christians were wounded. At another village, nine hours from here, a band of 30 horsemen entered the village of Kupri-Keuy and first went through the village in a riotous way and greatly terrified the people, demanding the girls and brides. Later they took their rifles and went firing through the streets of the village. The son of the priest opened the door with the idea of inducing them to leave by giving money. He was shot down."

Carlisle Writing to Nebraska Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Secretary Carlisle is preparing a letter to be read before the Nebraska Democratic convention which will meet in Lincoln tomorrow. The secretary found himself unable to accept the invitation sent him to be present, but will express his views upon the finances in a letter. Ex-Representative M. D. Harter will address the convention on the money question.

The M. P. Conference Opens.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 4.—The annual conference of the Methodist Protestant church convenes at 10:30 this morning in the First M. P. church, Union avenue, Allegheny. The body embraces the congregations of Western Pennsylvania and it has been ten years since they met in either Pittsburg or Allegheny. Rev. George Shaffer, pastor of the Second church, on Fifth avenue for the past 12 years, will go to Adrian, Mich. Rev. Mr. Silsby of Wellsville, O. will be his successor.

Knights of Malta and St. John.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 4.—The twentieth annual convocation of the Chapter General of the Knights of Malta and St. John is in session in the hall of the house of representatives, and will remain in session until Friday. The delegates were welcomed by Adjutant General Stewart on behalf of Governor Hastings and P. F. McDowan of New York responded.

Lecturer McConnell Falls.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 4.—W. J. McConnell, a temperance lecturer, known for his eloquence in all parts of the country, has been fined $25 and costs and sentenced to 30 days in the workhouse in police court for intoxication. McConnell has for years lapsed into occasional sprees, but lately lost all control of himself and is a wreck. He may be sent to the insane asylum instead of the workhouse.

An Englishman Discharged.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—Charles Churchward, who says he is the son of the general manager of the Bank of England, has been discharged in the criminal court on the charge of having stolen money from Mrs. Ball, his landlady.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

The Toronto (Can.) exposition has opened.

Lumbermen are holding a convention at Buffalo.

The Mississippi Valley Medical association is in session at Detroit.

African Explorer Stanley, M. P. is on his way to New York from London.

The American Society of Professors of Dancing is in session at Saratoga, N. Y.

Depositors are greatly excited over the closing of the Buena Vista (Ia.) State bank.

J. V. Wall of Conshohocken, Pa., was seized with a fit and drowned in the surf at Atlantic City.

Senor Martinez de Roda and Count de Bonaluo fought a duel on the French frontier. Both were wounded.

The ninth annual convention of the International Association of Factory Inspectors is in session at Providence, R. I.

An organization of former English residents of Irish birth has been formed at Lawrence, Mass. It is intended to make it a national affair and to give it a part in politics.

QUAY APPOINTS COMMITTEES.

The Senator Talks Very Little—Hastings For Cameron's Place.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—Senator Quay has announced the appointment of the executive committee and members at large of the state committee. The former consists of Frank Willing Leach of Philadelphia, chairman; Lieutenant Governor Walter Lyon, Congressman W. A. Stone, Allegheny; Congressman John B. Robinson and ex-State Senator Thomas V. Cooper of Delaware; ex-Lieutenant Governor Louis A. Watres, Lackawanna; State Senator C. Wesley Thomas and Boies Penrose, Philadelphia; State Senator W. H. Andrews, Crawford; Lyman D. Gilbert, Dauphin, and Samuel A. Davenport, Erie.

The members at large are: John Russell Young, Philadelphia; Congressman W. C. Arnold, Clearfield; ex-Congressman A. C. Hopkins, Clinton; Charles H. Heustis, Philadelphia; State Senator W. W. Bremer, Franklin; Representative Walter Merrick, Tioga; Floyd L. Kirmer, Bradford; W. W. Griest, Lancaster; John B. Raymond, Blair; William B. Gill and Alexander Crow, Jr., Philadelphia, and Parke L. Walters of Pittsburg. Mr. Raymond is the first colored man ever appointed a member at large.

Before he left town Senator Quay talked about the prospects of the fall campaign.

"I don't think we will do anything until after the Democrats hold their convention," he said. "We are going to work for a big majority and I think we will get it."

The senator was not inclined to discuss local affairs and said he had not met any of his friends here. When asked whether it was true that an agreement had been signed at the Harrisburg peace conference in which a promise was given that the local ticket should not be opposed, Senator Quay said he had never seen such an agreement.

"A Republican chairman, though," he said, "is not supposed to oppose party nominees."

A Pittsburg special says: It is not improbable, so the gossips say, that before many weeks of 1896 have passed away Daniel H. Hastings will have succeeded Don Cameron in the United States senate and Walter Lyon will be filling the governor's chair. Stranger things than this have happened in politics.

For the past few days prominent politicians have been discussing the probabilities of Quay taking Hastings under his protecting arm. There are several who ought to know that believes this will be done and Hastings' highest ambition gratified. He wants to go to the United States senate, and the only man who can put him there is Matthew Stanley Quay.

In 1897 Don Cameron's term expires. It is believed by nearly everybody that Quay will not aid in the re-election of the senior senator, should he want to go back to the senate. If Hastings were sent to Washington as a United States senator, Lieutenant Governor Walter Lyon would take up the reins of state.

THE BOYS IN GRAY.

Letter Carriers Consider Numerous Resolutions at Their Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—The National Association of Letter Carriers is holding its sixth annual convention in the new Bourse building in this city, President C. C. Couden presiding. The committee on credentials reported a representation of 508 out of 528 votes in the convention. The roll was then called, and a flood of resolutions and amendments, all intended to improve the lot of the lettercarriers, were offered. Delegate Arkinson offered a resolution requesting the committee on legislation to prepare a law for presentation to congress providing for the increase of salaries of secondclass carriers from $850 to $1,000.

Resolutions were also offered requesting the legislation committee to prepare bills granting each letter carrier a certain sum for uniforms and providing for lighter clothing in summer. A delegate from Washington offered a resolution requesting the same committee to have the eight hour law administered, so that the eight hours of labor should be performed indefinitely. The committee appointed to secure the erection of a monument in honor of the late Hon. Samuel Sullivan Cox, the letter carriers' friend, reported that the monument stood in Riverside park, New York city, and their work was concluded. The sum of $10,919.12 had been collected and the expenses were $10,813.12, leaving a balance of $6.

Evidently a Preposterous Tale.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The Madrid newspaper statement that a Spanish squadron is about to sail for the Antilles to urge the claims of Spain against the United States in the Allianca affair cannot be explained at the state department except upon the theory that it is simply contemplated to reinforce the blockading squadron and that the claims story is erroneous, for no claims of the description stated are known to exist.

Quiet Under Military Protection.

ISHPEMING, Mich., Sept. 4.—Everything is quiet. The shovels are all working and the South Shore railroad is preparing to remove the ore to Marquette. There are very few strikers around the shops or near the camping grounds. One of the military companies stationed here will probably be transferred to Negaunee as the shovel men there have refused to work unless protected by the soldiers.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 3.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 68@69c. No. 2 red, 66@67c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 42½@43c; No. 2 H. M. S. corn, 40½@41c; mixed ear, 42@43c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 26½@27c; No. 2 do 26@26½c; extra No. 3 white, 23½@24½c, light mixed, 23@24c.

HAY—No. 1 new timothy, $15.00@15.50; No. 2 timothy, $13.25@13.75; mixed clover, $13.00@13.50; packing, $7.25@7.75; No. 1 feeding prairie, $9.50@10.00; wagon hay, $15.00@16.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 23@24c; Ohio fancy creamery, 19@20c; fancy country roll, 14@15c; low grades and cooking, 5@7c.

CHEESE—Ohio, mild, new, 8@8½c; New York, new, 9@9½c; limberger, new, 10@10½c; Wisconsin Swiss, 12@13c; Ohio Swiss, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 12½@13c; 1c more for candled.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 65@75c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@50c; spring chickens, 25@45c as to size; dressed chickens, 10@12c per pound; dressed spring chickens, 15@16c; ducks, 12@13c.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Sept. 3.

CATTLE—Receipts for today's market light, demand good, market 10@15c higher than last week. We quote as follows: Prime, $5.20@5.40; good, $4.20@4.40; good butchers, $4.35; rough fat, $2.75@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, $1.50@3.00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@40.00.

HOGS—Fresh arrivals three cars with ten loads left over; market very slow at yesterday's prices. Medium weights, $4.40@4.50; best Yorkers, $4.30@4.40; heavy, $4.20@4.30; common to fair, $4.00@4.25; roughs, $3.00@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply five cars, with several loads left over; market very slow at yesterday's prices. Exports, $3.25@3.50; extra, $2.75@2.85; good, $2.30@2.50; fair, $1.50@2.00; common, 30c@$1.00; spring lambs, $2.00@4.25; veal calves, $5.50@6.25; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 3.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.75@4.00; receipts, 3,700 head; shipments, 400 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.25@5.00; receipts, 1,900 head; shipments, 600 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep market dull at $1.00@3.75; receipts, 4,800 head; shipments, 2,700 head. Lambs, market dull at $2.75@4.75.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.

WHEAT—Spot market weak. No. 2 red, 64⅞c; No. 1 hard, 67⅝c delivered.

CORN—Spot market weak and active. No. 2, 40½c.

OATS—Spot market more active. No. 2, 24c.

MILLS ALL RUNNING.

Cleveland Iron Men Report Business Booming.

GREATEST ACTIVITY FOR YEARS.

Enormous Demand For Structural Iron and Electric Street Rails—Plants Running Night and Day—Western Bar Iron Association May Advance Prices.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 4.—A canvass of the more prominent iron dealers in this city shows that the phenomenal boom in the iron market continues in all departments of the trade. The dealers state that there has been no such activity and demand in the market for many years. Pigiron is selling at $17 a ton, and steel billets at $24 a ton, with an advancing tendency. There is an enormous demand for structural iron and electric street rails. The mills are running night and day at their utmost capacity.

The Western Bar Iron association has held a largely attended conference here. Nearly all of the larger manufacturers of the middle and western states were either present or represented. The meeting was held behind closed doors, and the members refused to make public the object of the meeting. It was learned from another source, however, that the chief subject under discussion was a proposition to again advance the price of the product of the barmills, as a result of the boom in the iron market all along the line.

STRIKERS ON THE ALERT.

They Prevent Outsiders From Taking Their Places at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 4.—When the Baackes Wire Nail works passed into the possession of the Consolidated Wire and Steel company and it was shut down for repairs, the 400 employes declared that they would not return to work unless they were paid the prices won by the other wire millmen of Cleveland in the strike. The company has a wage card which applies to all of its nine mills and the rates are lower than those demanded by the men.

The company tried to get 40 men imported from Pennsylvania into the mill, but the strikers were alert and turned out to the number of over 200. Three times the foreman piloted the Pennsylvania men to the gates of the mill and three times the strikers, by gathering around them and talking to them, induced them to turn back. A large squad of police was sent to the mill and the company placed a score of private detectives on guard. The imported workmen finally scattered, many of them declaring they would return home. Serious trouble is apprehended, as the company is determined to start the mill at its own terms.

Are Knights Tabooing Banknotes?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The day on which the boycott of national bank notes, ordered by President Sovereign of the Knights of Labor in his proclamation two months ago was to go into effect, was yesterday. There is no evidence, however, that the Knights of Labor are tabooing banknotes.

Applauded Gompers and McGuire.

CARDIFF, Wales, Sept. 4.—When the Trades Union congress resumed its sittings the president, John Jenkins, delivered his address, at the conclusion of which the American delegates, Samuel Gompers and P. J. McGuire, were conducted to the platform. Their appearance was greeted with much applause.

The Eclipse of the Moon.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 4.—The eclipse of the moon was watched very carefully at the observatory in Allegheny last night. The sky was practically free from clouds. The moon remained in the clear sky during the whole period of totality. The total eclipse lasted about one hour and a half.

Murdered by Toughs.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 4.—Matthew Urban has been shot through the heart while attempting to protect his brother from a gang of roughs at Pleasant Hill, Schuylkill county. Peter Urschuvage was arrested on suspicion of having committed the murder.

Marine Band Ordered to Chickamauga.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Secretary Herbert has ordered the United States Marine band to attend the ceremonies at Chickamauga during the dedication of the national park there the latter part of the present month.

Durrant's Trial Actually Commenced.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.—The actual trial of Theodore Durrant for the murder of Blanche Lamont has commenced. District Attorney Barnes delivered the opening address.

Bowler's Decision Coming Soon.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Comptroller Bowler says he probably will make his decision in the sugar bounty case today or tomorrow.

Italians and Brazilians Fighting.

RIO JANEIRO, Sept. 4.—Fresh conflicts have occurred between the Italians and Brazilians in the province of Minas Geraes, Brazil.

THE KEELEY CURE

Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the

PITTSBURG KEELEY INSTITUTE,
No. 4246 Fifth Avenue,

restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

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AGENTS MAKE BIG WAGES SELLING THE ARNOLD COOKER

NO HEAT. NO BOTHER. Cooks a Dinner all at one time. Grand for Oil or Gas Stoves. Liberal Terms. Exclusive Territory. Let us tell you all about it.

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F. X. FEES'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean. Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife, book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BUSH, No. 163 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.



"NO MORE DOCTORS FOR ME!"

They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, and no tennis. Just think of it. One day I found a little book called 'Guide to Health,' by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

conquers all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent with the sex, and restores perfect health.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints, either sex, the Compound has no rival.

Mrs. Pinkham freely answers letters of inquiry. Enclose stamp for reply.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Mrs. Pinkham's beautiful 88-page illustrated book, entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND ETIQUETTE." It contains a volume of valuable information. It has saved lives, and may save yours.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture? If so, send two cents in stamps to the Mack Publishing Co., 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated "Ladies Books." It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of the celebrated hold game Verba.

For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless glycyrrhizoid aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, circulars on file. Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle. Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

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ROYAL ELIXIR.

An elegant English pharmaceutical preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.

Approved by the highest medical authorities. In use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.

Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.

In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.

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The Royal Pharmaceutic Co.
LONDON AND NEW YORK,
Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.
NEW YORK BRANCH:
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ROYAL PILLS.

Same medicinal properties as Royal Elixir, in boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORDIAL,	delicious taste,	50c.
Vinegar Bitters POWDERS,	50 doses,	50c.
Vinegar Bitters, new style,	pleasant taste,	$1.00
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The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

The past fifth of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA EUREKA VINEGAR BITTERS

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors,
SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

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General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits, quick sales, SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. Scott, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

AUGUST CLEARANCE

The second week—first two weeks—exceeded our highest anticipations. Must clear out stock by September 1st. As fas fast as one lot goes another takes its place.

NEW FALL STOCK

is beginning to come and we must have room, so all our immense stock of Men's, Boys', Youths' and Children's Clothing and Gents' Furnishings must go

REGARDLESS OF COST OR PROFIT.

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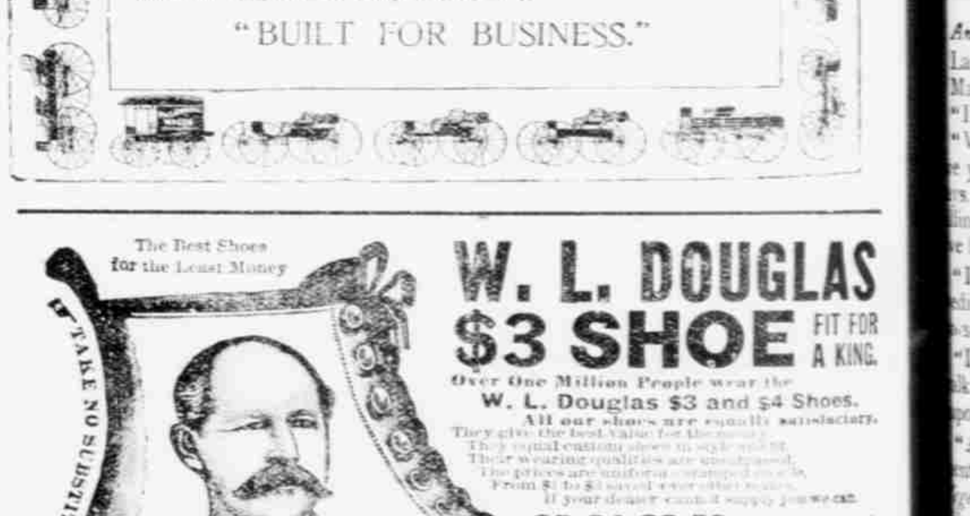
$11.00 No. 37. Surrey Harness. $75 No. 711 Surrey. $37.50 No. 7186. Top Buggy. $26 No. 27. Road Wagon. $23.50 No. 1. Farm Harness. $55. $43.00 No. 1. Farm Wagon.

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on SATURDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1895, by A. V. Dively, R. P. Griffiths, John Flanigan, J. M. Hamer and W. P. Beardsley, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of Certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called THE ALTOONA PHŒNIX TELEPHONE COMPANY, the character and object whereof is to construct, maintain and lease lines of telephone for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, etc., with electricity, throughout the county of Blair, part of the counties of Bedford, Cambria, Clearfield and Huntingdon, with its main office at Altoona City, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

Aug. 23, 1895. A. V. DIVELY, Solicitor.

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WEST.

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Pacific Express, daily [illegible]
Way Passenger, daily [illegible]
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Fast Line, daily [illegible]
Johnstown Accommodation, week days [illegible]

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Trains leave as follows: [illegible] and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at [illegible] 10.52 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at [illegible] and 11.10 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 and 11.45 a. m. and [illegible] p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and [illegible] p. m., arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.20 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.35 a. m. and 5.20 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.40 p. m.

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